# THE

# XPOSITOR VIEW



OURNAL OF PRACTICAL CHURCH METHODS

# Eternal Father, Strong to Save

#### THE NAVY

ternal Father, strong to save
Whose arm hath bound the restless wave,
Who bid'st the mighty ocean deep
ts own appointed limits keep,
I hear us when we cry to Thee
For those in peril on the sea.

#### THE FLIERS

Lord, guard and guide the men who fly Through boundless spaces of the sky, Be with them on their lonely flight, in morning's ray or darkening night. I hear us when we lift our prayer, For those in peril in the air.

those in peril in the air.

THE ARMY

O God of love and joy and peace Whose power can e'en make war to cease, Protect, we pray, our hero band Of brave men fighting on the land, We pray, O Lord, in duty bound For those in peril on the ground.

#### THE MARINES

God of the air and land and sea
We lift our hearts in thanks to Thee.
For all our men in every scene
The soldier, sailor and Marine.
Thus ever more shall rise to Thee
Glad hymns of praise from land and sea.
ANON.

# JULY. 1945

Vol. XLVII

No. 7

# CONTENTS

Freedom	31/
Clarence K. Streit	
Faith Of Fathers	319
Aaron N. Meckel	
Germany	322
P. O. Bersell	
Editorials	323
Church Methods	324
Organ Compositions	
Peace Time Conscription	
Civilian Handicaps	
New Life Missions	
Sermons	327
Near Ends of God	
John H. Miller	
Peace	
J. B. Baker	
Brother's Keeper	
M. S. Higgins	
Illustrations	337
Wm. J. Hart, D.D.	
n	
Recent Books	341
Topical Index	345
Buyer's Guide	346



# The EXPOSITOR

and HOMILETIC REVIEW

A Journal of Practical Church Methods

## BIG ENOUGH

CAN understand why they have such won derful window boxes, a traveler returning from a city said. "They have few garden and parks, so they make the most of a bit o soil in a box."

Perhaps the explanation is right. At any rate it suggests something worthwhile. If you can't have a garden, you may have a window box. If you can't have a thing on a grand scale, you may have the same thing on smaller scale.

Bigness is an illusion of grandeur. If owner ship of a large estate is out of the question, we have no reason for being dejected. Remembe the taxes that the landed gentleman has to pay But how about beautifying the back yard?

Take hobbies, for instance. It is thrilling to read about the millionaire who goes on ar expedition to collect tropical fish for a museum You can go in for collecting in a modes fashion. One fan has an interesting assortmen of salt-cellars.

Do you listen with envy to the world traveler as he tells about the interesting nooks of cities beyond the seas? Perhaps there are points of interest in your own city or county which you have not seen—the house where a poet lived, a cave, an arboretum.

Even in the matter of personal appearance this rule of making the most of what we have holds true. The wardrobe may need replen ishing but it is still possible to be neat.

Often we feel that we should like more living space in which to spread ourselves, but the little corner where we are is big enough if we use it to the greatest possible advantage. If we look close, we can find "infinite riches in a little space."—P. R. K.

An international magazine of parish administration, methods of church work, practical theology, applied religion and all phases of minister's work.

Published each month by the F. M. Barton Co., Pub., Inc., Caxton Building, Cleveland, Ohio.

Subscription Rate: Domestic, \$3.00 a year. Foreign, \$3.50 a year. Single copies, 35c. Back copies, 45c. Bounvolumes, \$3.50. Subscriptions are understood as continuing from year to year, unless orders are given to the contrary. This is in accordance with the general wish of the subscribers. Manuscripts must be typed. No manuscript returned unless accompanied by full return postage and addressed to The Expositor, East Aurora, N. Y.

Copyright, 1945. Entered as second-class matter at the Post Office at Cleveland, Ohio.

Additional entry at East Aurora, N. Y.

# THE F. M. BARTON COMPANY, PUBLISHERS, INC.

Joseph M. Ramsey Editorial Office East Aurora, N. Y. W. S. Ramsey Caxton Bldg, Cleveland, Ohio

Duncan MacPherson 700 So. Washington Sq. Philadelphia, Penna.

John D. Emrich 9 W. Washingto Chicago, Illinois



# WITH ONLY ONE CONTRACT

The Fund PROTECTION

Offers RETIREMENT INCOME

FAMILY MAINTENANCE

CHARTERED For any information about life insurance write . . .

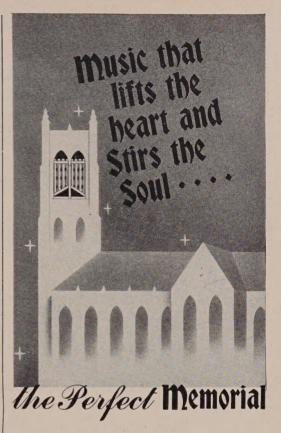
#### THE PRESBYTERIAN MINISTERS' FUND

Alexander Mackie, D. D., President

The First Life Insurance Company in America — The Oldest in the World . . . Serving Ministers, Their Wives and Theo-logical Students of All Protestant Denominations

RITTENHOUSE SQUARE, PHILADELPHIA 3, PENNA.





ROOTED deep in the heart of some member of your congregation is the memory of one who has meant much to him in life.

It is a vivid memory, a precious memory, a memory that cries out for expression. And though he search the world, he will find no medium of expression quite so beautiful or appropriate as the music of a Harmonically Tuned Deagan Carillon.

May we send you details of a plan that helps to assure the installation of a Memorial Carillon in your church at the earliest possible moment following victory? J. C. Deagan, Inc., 141 Deagan Bldg., Chicago 13, Ill.

# DEAGAN HARMONICALLY TUNED



# "... unto the uttermost part of the earth ... "

ROM the Admiralty Islands, far away in the Southwest Pacific, comes a letter from a soldier to his pastor back home:

"One time we were on one of these lonely islands, and one of the boys made a sermon one Sunday morning from The Upper Room. I had my Bible that the Sunday School had given me, but we had been in the rain for weeks and the leaves were stuck together. Then I happened to remember that I had my Upper Room in a rubber bag, so we used that. We surely made good use of it, too!"

Throughout a war-torn world, The Upper Room is serving as a daily devotional guide to millions of people.

In YOUR busy day, isn't there a place for it? Five minutes a day—to lift your heart in worship? Surely you could not do less!

Are there others, also . . . about whom you are concerned? Why not send The Upper Room to help them, too?

• The July-August-September issue of The Upper Room is now ready for distribution. Ten or more to one address, 5 cents per copy, postpaid. Single yearly subscriptions in U. S., Canada and Latin America, 30 cents, postpaid; four years, \$1.00. Other countries, 40 cents; four years, \$1.35. Envelopes for remailing, \$1.00 per 100. Address all orders to

# THE UPPER ROOM

MEDICAL ARTS BUILDING • NASHVILLE 3, TENNESSEE

N our first great war, we Americans fought behind the great Declaration that proclaimed that all men equally have certain ienable rights and that "to secure these its governments are instituted among men," and that "when any form of government be-

hes destrucof these s the right of people to alor abolish it, to institute v governnt." How far have waned from that piring realism.

# FREEDOM THROUGH FREE GOVERNMENT

CLARENCE K. STREIT

this vision the people perish, and, first of all, our sons. We stand on the brink of the most difficult and dangerous

For lack of

of military enterprises - the invasion of Japan. We stand with millions of men armed with billions of dollars of material weapons, but not armed with the most powerful force on earth—a great idea capable of arousing fresh hope and faith and enthusiasm among the people. There has not been and there can not be enthusiasm anywhere for reviving the Big Power system of the Quadruple Alliance, the Holy Alliance. There has not been and there can not be any enthusiasm for restoring national sovereignty, or for a re-dictated Versailles treaty, or a reconditioned League of Nations. The idea that freedom can be had without government has not aroused and cannot arouse faith or hope; the people know as do their leaders that ungoverned freedom is only anarchy in sheep's cloth-

The best that our leaders have yet given us

—how blurred or blind it is compared to the

vision in the Gettysburg address, the Constitu-

tion's preamble, the Declaration of 1776—the clear vision of "Liberty and Union, now and

forever, one and inseparable."

Now, for the first time in our history we are sending our sons to battle unarmed with a powerful idea, unarmed with the great idea that made America powerful, unarmed with the moral force that could save so many lives.

Who is responsible for this tragedy?

The late President had a heavy responsibility for it. He shouldered the responsibility for arming us on the material side and discharged that responsibility better, I believe, than any President ever did. But whereas the President can delegate his authority on the material side, he can not delegate it on the moral side. This moral responsibility came first with Wilson and with Lincoln, and I wish the President had followed their great example.

The candidates for his high office have their responsibility, too, for the country's lack of moral preparation, lack of bold, honest, straightforward leadership in the highest American tradition, for the neglect in this crisis of our primary principle of freedom through free government.

The members of Congress, too, have their responsibility for this neglect. For 20 years

We were even more clear-headed in the Conution when we announced that "We the peo... in order to form a more perfect Union and to secure the blessings of liberty to ourves and our posterity do ordain and establish s Constitution."

The issue in our next great war was to adnce freedom by preserving the Union or, as nooln phrased it at Gettysburg, in the great guage that is the hallmark of the true Ameria tradition, "that this nation, under God all have a new birth of freedom—and that vernment of the people, by the people, for people, shall not perish from the earth." Then Woodrow Wilson led us into our third eat war . . . "for the things"—as he put it—thich we have always carried nearest our arts,—for democracy . . . for the rights and

erties of small nations, for a universal donion of right by such a concert of free peoes as shall bring peace and safety to all tions and make the world itself at last free." Infusion had already put the accent on the this of nations instead of the rights of men, "dominions" and "concerts of free peoples" stead of on government, and Union. Even President Wilson never treated freedom as thing that could be divorced from human ganization, never made the mistake of letting people perish from lack of vision of the separable relation of freedom and govern-

That mistake was never made in all our great are until the present one. This time we have ne to war for freedom, indeed, for four fedoms, but the leader who put the greatest tent on freedom passed mutely over the priory American principle, that freedom can be donly by instituting free government. There no hint of this principle in the Atlantic Charor in the Declaration of the United Nations

in the Teheran communique.

the standing excuse for not trying to extend this basic principle beyond our shores has been that "you can't get it through Congress." Had the Executive defaulted on the material instead of on the moral side, had the boys been sent to invade Europe, armed only with a great idea, would Congress have merely washed its hands? A Congress that could override the President on the tax bill could have assumed the moral leadership that he neglected, instead of passing milk-and-water resolutions on world organization.

After all, the first great enunciation of the American principle of freedom through free government did not come from any President or from any single leader; it came from Congress itself in the Declaration of 1776. Before there was a White House, there was a Congress; it has never lost the right to lead, and from the Senate itself first came the great formula, 'Liberty and Union, now and forever,

one and inseparable."

But before there was the Congress, there was the people. It was the people, acting in informal committees outside the regular machinery of government, who established the governments of the 13 States and the Congress: And it was again the people, acting through special conventions outside the regular governmental machinery, who established the Constitution,—not only proclaimed therein the principle of freedom through free government but set up the first Federal Union, the only form of inter-state government that ever solved the problem we face today.

That first generation carefully secured the right of every succeeding American generation to be as great as they were. They expected us not to do less than they, but more. Since we have never lost the rights they had, it is no use trying now to put on the President and Congress all the blame for our failure to arm our sons with the most powerful of principles. We the people who made the Congress, and the Presidency, and the Constitution, have the ultimate responsibility for the tragic fact that our sons must now give their lives without a single attempt to save them or to help them by first trumpeting forth a call that could shatter those walls as the walls of Jericho were shattered, the old American call of "Liberty and Union now and forever, one and inseparable."

The deep distinctive thing about our Republic is that it did not hitch its hopes—as so many regimes did before and do today—on great material power, but on great moral principles, not on the men in power, not on heredity kings and lords, not on passing presidents and plutocrats, not on fuehrers and dictators and members of a

self-perpetuating ruling party, but on the least of men, on the humblest citizen,—and on the only unmaterial intangible thing in him, on handle conscience.

The hopes of our Republic have always becentered before our time on uniting more ar more of these microscopic, invisible drops conscience which the Almighty gave equal to every individual of our species, uniting the in a Niagara of ever greater majesty, at beauty, and power for good. So it has been f generations, and so it must be now or we shall have but a river of blood, flooding devastation through the Valley of the Shadow, for no community can live without conscience, and the more directly we hitch the community to the conscience of the humblest, the safer and hapier and freerer we shall be.

One night in 1917 I was stationed on gua duty at the foot of a gangway on the transposaxonia. On either side I could see nothing but sleeping soldiers, in narrow bunks two tichigh. My orders were to close the bulkhedoor instantly in case of explosion or fire either side, and shoot to kill if necessary maintain order on the other side, so that all the men on that side, at least, might get up to

gangway.

These men around me were not enemined. They were my own outfit. There was Di Jones, Bud Martin, McWilliams. All asle . . . And if anything happened on their side had to slam the door against them, condend them all, perhaps, to death, and maybe shown some of these fellows on the other side. A if I faltered, failed, I would be condemnite even more men to death. They were all sleeting in an implicit faith not only in their own lucky star but in the guard . . in me. The didn't know who was standing at the bulkhed door, but every man on board was counting the guard doing his duty at the showdow counting on me . . .

I still wonder whether I would have be man enough to meet that test. I thank Go never had to meet it, but I was forced to the

it through,

It taught me there are situations where must dispose of the lives of others, even the innocent. Where they inflict the most stering and death by doing nothing, by incision and inaction. Where they can hope save life only by prompt and drastic activitie-taking action.

If I stayed at my post and did my duty, would know, I wondered. Who but I? A I would probably go down with the ship a

(Continued on page 344)

# FAITH OF OUR FATHERS

AARON N. MECKEL

N JULY, 1776, the Continental Congress of the United Colonies met at philadelphia to ponder a mighty issue. That issue was lependence. A long, lanky Virginian, omas Jefferson by name, was appointed to me a document which, when read even toy, sends the chills up and down the spine. any notables were in the historic gathering, long them John Hancock, who led off with signature, writing it so boldly that George might be able to read it without "putting his specs." "The old bell ringer, who had en told to be on hand to start ringing as on as word reached him that the Declarain had been adopted, was pessimistic," so lgar DeWitt Jones reminds us. "They'll ver do it. They'll never do it!" he reated again and again. Then suddenly a y appeared, running and shouting: "Ring! ng! Ring!" AND THE EVENT WAS

We of this day might well dedicate ourselves lew to the ideal of keeping that Liberty Bell nging. There is some truth in the observaon that we tend to over-idealize our Nation's ist, and to regard our Fore-fathers as a paneon of immortals. And yet, so distinguished authority as Ralph Barton Perry has written at "the Puritan philosophy has formed an aportant part of that fundamental agreement f mind and purpose by which the United tates has played its peculiar role in the odern world." True, our New England prebears might have been quaint, gruff and istere men, lacking somewhat in humor; but, idged by the legacy of freedom and worth ney left behind them, they were men of onor and integrity, the people of a great comulsion! They would agree with the Psalmist nat "except the Lord build the house they bor in vain that build."

It might be a wholesome practice for us to ause after singing, "Faith of Our Fathers Living Still," and to ask ourselves, But DOES it

still live? Is it alive *in me?* Let us then canvass a few aspects of the Faith of our Fathers, and be willing to allow the past to sit in judgment for a while, on the present.

I

At the focal center of that Faith of our Fathers stood a living and an Almighty God whose will was sovereign in the affairs of men and nations. Said the aged Ben Franklin, "I have lived, sir, a long time; and the longer I live the more convincing proofs I see of this truth, THAT GOD GOVERNS IN THE AF-FAIRS OF MEN." It was to keep that conviction inviolate that our Fathers migrated to these New England shores. The wishy-washiness of much contemporary Christianity was not in their faith. They were ready to stake their very lives on it. Their God was not a deity cozily enshrined within mere creed, nor a metaphysical datum spun from the mind of men. Far from it! The God with whom they dealt and covenanted was the God of Abraham, Isaac and Jacob, AND OF Washington, John Robinson and Roger Williams. He was the Almighty whose sphere of action was history and who had once and for all spoken for men's salvation in Jesus Christ. From that central conviction of the Fathers sprang a whole hierarchy of values: the primary importance of salvation and of the knowledge of God: the sacredness of the human soul; the awfulness of sin, and the deathlessness of the God-indwelt life. When that life-giving faith in the living God and Father is blacked out, then you have paganism, with its torture chambers, and its extermination camps. The Puritans were willing to be damned for the glory of God, if necessary, whereas we of this day hardly stand in awe of Him or doff our hats in His presence. Someone has said that the twentieth century would spend much of its time picking out of the waste basket the things the nineteenth century had carelessly thrown into it. Let it be admitted then that if Pilgrim

raintree, Mass.

blood is to stir in our veins, then we need first of all to recover this vision of the Fathers of a living and Almighty God who demands righteousness and obedience from His creatures.

II

Our Forefathers were also the proud people of a book, the Holy Bible, which in flaming word and symbol revealed the will and purpose of God for their lives. Let it be added, that if the Faith of our Fathers is to REMAIN a living faith, then we in our day must become the people of a Book. For the Puritans who invaded Massachusetts Bay in 1630 and the Separatists who alighted on Plymouth Rock in 1620, the Bible was far more than a book of lovely literature. To KNOW the Bible was not just to have a rote memory of certain majestic and comforting passages. Nor was its importance to the Christian narrowed, as it often is in our day, to the pages of the New Testament. Rather did a knowledge of the Holy Scriptures mean the permeation of the minds, hearts and wills of men with the Divine Spirit that inspired and breathes through the sacred Word. It implied an inner, redemptive knowledge of what God had wrought in the living history of a people whose story is chronicled in the pages of Old and New Testaments. It was precisely this inner awareness of the Word which enabled them to sing,

"Holy Bible, Book divine, precious treasure, thou art mine."

The Faith of our Fathers was then a *Bible faith* and only so can it endure. In a statement in the Living Church, one hundred Episcopal chaplains recently reported alarm at the ignorance of young men and women of their own Church concerning the *basic teachings* of Christianity, and at their indifference. They found them "uninstructed in the faith and unaware of its devotional, moral and social

implications." These chaplains go on to assert that "the chief function of the Church today is not only to nurture the faithful but also convert a pagan and indifferent multitude." Indeed, any attempt even to grasp the essentials of the Declaration of Independence, the Bill of Rights and other basic items of our national heritage APART FROM A WORKING KNOWL-EDGE OF THE BIBLE of our Fathers is futile. Nor will an hour a week in our Sunday Schools be sufficient to impart our sacred heritage of life and freedom to our children! The Bible as a LIVING BOOK must again be read, and taught, by mothers and fathers in American homes to their children. "The Holy Bible," said Daniel Webster, "is the bulwark of the Republic."

Again, our Fathers were the determine people of a memorial day, the Christian Sal bath, on which they kept sacred tryst with their God. Now, it is exactly at this point of Sal bath observance that much ridicule has bee heaped on the Puritans of New England. Bu here, as elsewhere, it is so much easier to laug at the idiosyncracies of our forefathers than t emulate their virtues! There is the fabled sea captain, for instance, who after a long absence kissed his wife at the wharf, and for suc "Sabbath desecration" was pelted in the stocks That is a little stern, isn't it! And yet, we hav gone to the other extreme. The lack of th most elemental modesty one sees publicly nov and then makes him almost yearn for th Puritan stocks! Or, compare the brittleness of those Puritan magistrates with the spinelessness of that modern mother who couldn't atten Church Sunday mornings because it would in terfere with her Sunday afternoon movie sche dule! Our Christian forefathers did not pri marily attend Church to listen to eloquer sermons, to hear good music, or to meet nic people. They could be found in their famil pews because they felt an inescapable urge t worship the true and living God, and because they knew that a great Nation and a health people cannot long endure without moral cor victions, spiritual discipline and pervasive lov alties. Someone has rightly remarked that w moderns need a Bill of Duties to go hand i hand with our Bill of Rights! We are Sabbath forgetting and breaking generation and the net result is decidedly NOT a happie healthier people, but one that is nervous, high strung, irritable, and psychologically and spi itually miserable.

A heavy-hearted and discouraged pastor wa heard to remark that it is comparatively easy t drum up enthusiasm during week days for clu or lodge. But try and elicit a comparab. enthusiasm for a genuine Christian youth pro gram on Sunday, and you come up against blank wall of indifference. A chaplain wit colonel's rating was sitting at supper with pastor at a Church convention. When aske concerning his message to that convention the evening session, he replied as follows: am going to ask my audience: Do you care a much for your Church as you do for your lodg or your club?" It is a timely and a poignal question, even for those who consider then selves good churchmen. Perhaps our scale of values has not so much disappeared as become fused. We seem to lack backbone and tral gumption when it comes to the first ngs that really make life worthwhile. And of those "first things" would most certally be the sane, joyous observance of the ristian Sabbath so precious to our Fathers. The is a statement of fact which brings us short: "The future of the world belongs the disciplined!"

IV

Once again, to the Founding Fathers, what called government was simply the will and tracter of a people writ large. That means it in the long run a people gets the kind of vernment of which it is deserving. In the ring of 1945, Richard L. Strout wrote as llows, in the Christian Science Monitor, rerding the so-called "German atrocities:" he German revelations remind us of the that is dug for well-meaning people who main silent WHEN THEY OUGHT TO EAK and close their eyes when they ought see. There can be no limit to the vigilance e must practice lest some day we, too, disver that—in smugness and indifference—we we been living unwittingly under the shadow a Dachau camp." Long ago a great prophet we warning that "where there is no vision e people perish!" The will and character of nation of people,—there is the real deterlinant when it comes to government.

In this day of apostasy from first principles, t one of the Fathers themselves re-enlighten s as to what the founders of our nation meant v Constitutional government. Here are words, reat words, spoken by Daniel Webster in the enate of the United States in the year 1830, vords which every school child ought to comnit to memory: "It is, Sir, the people's Contitution, the people's government, made for he people, made by the people and answerable the people. The people of these United tates have declared that this Constitution shall e the supreme law. We are here to adminster a Constitution emanating directly from the eople and trusted by them to our administraion. It is not the creature of the states." Now ee! Political sovereignty was to reside in the haracter and will of God-created and endowed nen. Good government lay in choosing perons who would honorably discharge the reponsibilities of government on a representative asis. Compare that with the experience of a riend of mine who recently went to Washngton, D.C., for some information. He was hunted from one committee to another, from ne bureau to another, until discouraged and lisillusioned he gave up and returned home.

Or compare it with the directness and simplicity of President Lincoln, who appointed an afternoon a week on which anyone, whether scrub woman or business titan, might come and personally consult him as administrative head of the nation. When the focus of government in a Republic is shifted from the responsible individual to some bureau which he can manipulate for his own selfish ends, then the dead hand of paternalism is not far around the corner. According to the sane counsel of the Founders and designers of the Constitution, sovereignty was to reside in the people, and was not to be imperiled by officialism or bureaucracy, whether on the part of one of the states, or in the nation at large. At a high school commencement, a lad had repeated the deathless words of Lincoln's Gettysburg Address. An aged Civil War veteran, who had been present when Lincoln first gave the address, reminded the young orator as to where Lincoln had placed the emphasis in its delivery. "He put the stress on the word people." The great Commoner was concerned that "government of the PEOPLE, by the PEOPLE and for the PEOPLE should not perish from the earth." In the tragic plight of Nazi Germany, God has made plain what happens when a people prove recreant to the sacred trust of government.

Do not mistake this message as a plea for the maintenance of the status quo! Democracy, like the Christianity that mothered it into being, is not static; rather is it a matter of creative and dynamic growth, an emanation from the minds and hearts of men who have really thrilled to freedom, and know the inner springs that perennially feed the Faith of the Fathers. Surely Goethe pointed the way when he warned: "You must win your ancestral inheritance for yourself if you are really to possess it." Nor will it be sufficient for us to bemoan the gradual decadence of Constitutional government in this country. There is need for a deep stirring of hearts,—for a revival of Christian faith and living in order that a spiritually reborn America can play her role within the commonwealth of nations. Meanwhile, we can do no better than take seriously to heart the counsel of John Quincy Adams: "Posterity! You will never know how much it cost to preserve your freedom. I hope you will make good use of it. If you do not, I shall repent it in Heaven that I ever took half the pains to preserve it!"

"Faith of our Fathers, Living still"-but

does it?

Concern for fellowmen is the secret of character. Humanity craves for human sympathy.

# WHAT SHALL WE DO WITH GERMANY?

THIS article does not deal with politics, nor with international relationships. Others, the men in authority backed by the public opinion of the dominant nations, will have to settle the question of the government of Germany and the political and military controls.

We are interested in that aspect of the matter, of course, because the future destiny of the whole world hangs in the balance. From the long-range point of view the destiny of America is very much involved in the European equation. Isolation is a thing of the past in the minds of thinking men who know the score.

We have had high hopes for the San Francisco Conference. The most optimistic have had many of their hopes shattered already. Much good may yet result from the deliberations of these national and international leaders, even if we now despair of the attainment of the ultimate, so devoutly wished for by men of goodwill and prayed for by Christians throughout the world.

The world powers will undoubtedly continue to have their say and the culmination of their selfish national and international interests and policies will suffer but little diminution. If all were of the mind and heart of our own United States we would have little to fear in regard to the future peaceful state of the world. But the question marks are already so much in evidence that we are truly concerned and considerably disturbed. Let not the soldiers of peace give up the fight! It is not yet lost.

In my travels in Europe during recent months, I had opportunity to speak to many men in various walks of life, some of them men in authority and with a vast fund of knowledge of the realities of the European situation. The consensus of these men was that the war against Germany, though gruesome and indescribably costly, was a rather simple thing, with a well-defined technique, in comparison with the baffling post-war problems, political, economical, social, educational, and spiritual. To solve these problems will take the entire financial, intellectual and spiritual resources of the world.

The devastation is so terrific that it defies any attempt at description. I refer not only to the loss of millions of human lives and the wrecking of millions of human bodies, nor to

the unprecedented destruction of property. think of the tearing down of that which it ha taken centuries of Christian civilization to builup. I am mindful of the dislocation of entir racial and national populations, of the entir disruption of social structures and the distortion of Christian morality. I am thinking of what this hell that is called war has done to the people that are left. It has seared and poisone and polluted the souls of men. It has bre lies and hatreds and bitterness. The harvest is appalling. It will be reaped for a generationat least. Long after the last gun has been fire on the Asiatic battlefronts, war will continut to take its toll in its grim aftermath.

The disposition of Germany by the Allie councils is not fundamental, but right now is pivotal and it will set the pattern for futur actions. It is therefore of vital importance to the whole world.

As Christians we are tremendously interested. What shall be our attitude toward the German people? Shall the spirit of hatred and vengeance prevail over against the concepts of the Kingdom of God and the genius of the Gospel of Christ?

I saw with my own eyes what the German had done so ruthlessly and barbarously to cor quered peoples. I listened by the hour t stories of refugees. Many of them were me of God. I do not believe that they lied to me I spoke to diplomats who had documentar evidence of terrible atrocities. I heard th story, as told by men who had come right ou of Germany, of almost unbelievable wholesal liquidation of Jews and other "undesirables, political and religious. I shuddered as sensed the terrific inner struggle that has bee going on for years and I was almost ove whelmed by a sense of frustration and futility as I pondered the thought that this was th homeland of the Reformation and the histor stronghold of the Lutheran Church.

What hope is there for the future if minority, dominated by gangsters who has scrapped all that is beautiful and good ar godly in the Christian religion, can thus seit control of a whole nation and systematical and effectively indoctrinate a whole generation

(Continued on page 342)

# The Editor's Columns



nel Feet

ERFECTLY astronomical are the figures involved in the physical costs of war. Those of life, humanity's loss and family f soar to stratospheric heights far beyond power of human computation. Forever will remain on the debit side of the ter of mankind, writ in the red let of the fessional killer that is War.

et, as the plague relaxes an eternity's moit to gather strength for a later, more dective blow, our blood-shot eyes turn from scenes of carnage and suddenly see that fortunes of War, while secured by them are and were in uniform, actually pivoted our laboratories and upon our draftingrds, here at home. While we have been ching, intently, progress on foreign fronts have dimly assumed a progress on the homent of which we have not been alertly aware. Come cessation of hostilities, peace-time protion of civilian used commodities will inporate war-time advances which threaten make Hans Christian Anderson look to his rels. Many of the war-stimulated developats are so logical, so simple, so natural that e Old Rip alive he would probably tender the crown he has so long worn with some ce if not dignity, for our sleep makes his k like a noon-day siesta and should deflate Hollywood superlatives we are so wont to ly to our creative and inventive genius. e is led to agree that it is indeed a small degree of our gray-matter which we permit function.

When our motor tires sank to wheel hubs spun vainly in bottomless Sahara sands the my made reservations in Alexandrian hotels. Seen the foot-pads of desert Camels were died and then reproduced on rubber tire des African rout turned into African victory

and the new tires played an important part in that victory. That rare and beautiful phenomena happened. Someone used his head.

What is wanted is not always identical with what is needed. Else the minister would be, in contact with his wayward flock, second cousin to Aunt Tillie's dish-rag, for vital, spiritual leadership. Yet there shall ever remain basic, psychological tenets urging us to do what we do and they are not only subject to analysis but are fairly dependable upon which to predict reaction to action, if one be interested in such matters.

Over the long pastoral course, not infrequently over a short, resultant course, it is inevitable that as a pastor mixes parish pigment, so shall be the parish tone, running anywhere from the spiritual anaemic pastel to the rich, full-bodied, primal colors.

From the hospital came the call of the deacon. Only dire emergency could have brought it for the pastor and his deacon had crashed their rapport on the rock of the relative value, spiritual, of what enters a man's stomach and what issues from his heart. "I had him where I had long wanted him," said the minister. "It was a great chance to heap coals of fire on his head." "How often they confuse themselves with God!" is the way a devout little old lady once put it.

Uneasy lies the head that wears the parish

crown. Of his heart I wot not.

There is a divine example for walking humbly, for pastor and people, alike. That a minister should walk humbly before his people and before his God is as self-evident as making desert tires after the pattern of a Camel foot.

How few of us see the evident.

Che

# THE CHURCH

# AT WORK



# Prize Competition For Organ Compositions

Under the auspices of the American Guild of Organists, a prize of \$100.00 plus royalty, is offered by J. Fischer & Bro., to the composer of the best composition for the organ submitted by any musician residing in the United States or Canada. It is suggested that the composition shall not exceed five or six minutes in length.

The manuscript signed with nom de plume or motto and with the same inscription on the outside of a sealed envelope containing the composer's name and address, must be sent to the American Guild of Organists, 630 Fifth Avenue, New York 20, N. Y., not later than January 1, 1946. Return postage must be en-

closed.

## Good-Bye to G. I.

Subscribers who have written for information about the volume by Maxwell Droke, entitled, "Good-Bye to G. I.", will be able to get the book at local bookstores after June 18, 1945, which is advertised as the publication date. Abingdon-Cokesbury is the publisher, and the price is \$1.00. A suggestion: designate one organization in the Church to supply every returning service man with a copy.

#### What European Churches Have Learned During Years of Persecution

"Under the Cross," a brochure of 15 pages, contains the answers to many requests from religious leaders for material concerning the lessons learned by the Churches of Europe during the years of oppression and persecution under totalitarianism. The brochure is published by the American Committee for the World Council of Churches, 297 Fourth Avenue, New York 10, N. Y., 10c a copy. Discounts on quantity purchases.

#### Prizes for Best Religious Novel

A Christian Fiction contest in which three prizes, totalling \$1,750.00, will be awarded for the best novels on religious themes is an nounced by the Moody Bible Press, Chicago John Norman, Director.

First prize is \$1,000.00; second, \$500.00 third, \$250.00, plus royalty on each choice. The closing date is December 31, 1945. Manuscripts will be judged on merit only. All entries should be sent prepaid to Moody Pres 153 Institute Place, Chicago. Inquiries regarding contest should be addressed to above address, including stamped and addressed envelope for reply.

## **Peacetime Conscription**

This all-important question faces the nation and will force a decision one way or anothe after hostilities in the Orient cease. Are your informed on this subject? Are conclusion voiced actually based on serious study of the grave, perplexing, and urgent question facing us as a peace-loving nation? Are we, and Church and community leaders, ready to take part in debates on this question? Are we react to answer the inquiries of parents and your people?

The American Friends Service Committee Literature Department, 20 South 12th Street Philadelphia 7, Pennsylvania, is prepared supply you with study material on this urge question, "Peacetime Conscription." Ask for a list of available materials and prices. Miniters, generally, are familiar with the record achievement during and after the last war and The American Friends Service Committee, as will welcome factual literature on the vital surject of "Peacetime Conscription" sponsored of The American Friends Service Committee.

#### W Life Missions

The action title, "New Life Missions," was seen by Albert Edward Day, pastor of First chodist Church, Pasadena, as he resigned his int-year pastorate to undertake the direction a church-wide plan to re-vitalize the faith of affection of the chiral characteristics.

What the Churches are doing," says Dr. y, "by way of literature and schools of evanism and retreats is important, but not ugh. The preaching mission of a week's ration is not enough to enlighten and conce the multitude of the Way of Life. For most part, these efforts are reaching only the irch-going people, and have become 'more mon tasting'.

mon tasting.'
"The name, 'New Life Mission,' is signifit in that it escapes unhappy associations of words 'evangelism' and 'revivals'; rather term represents what people are craving,

E.

Three distinctive endeavors are planned: New Life Preaching Missions. 2. New Life Agazine. 3. The Order of the Living Christ. Ecific methods for accomplishing the purpose the plan are recommended:

1. A two or three weeks' mission in typical

areas.

2. Evening preaching services.

 Two periods of daily counseling, 10 A.M. and 3 P.M., by the leader, wherever he is serving.

4. The use of the *question box* to give persons an opportunity of getting answers to baffling questions.

5. Public dedications, as they used to be

made, by coming forward.

6. Personal interviews or inquiry room methods as a follow-up of public dedications, to insure that those who have taken the initial step may be led into genuine and heartfelt experience of a new birth.

Individual congregations are urged to organpreparation for the missions at least one onth to six weeks in advance. Dr. Day indies "that The Mission must have good mual leadership, and must be undergirded by me and office prayer meetings."

## usading For the Children

Seven million enrolled in Sunday Schools by end of 1948!

Five million, two hundred fifty thousand

erage attendance! Two hundred thousand new teachers and ofers! A Church School at every preaching point. Two million, two hundred eighty thousand new enrollees!

These are the goals reported for the Church School phase at the Crusade for Christ, by the Conference meeting in Chicago May 16 and 17. Two reports were submitted to challenge the Methodist Church: 1. a statement of objectives; 2. a statement of goals, abbreviated above.

Pastors in all parts of the country should read "Crusading for the Children in *The Christian Advocate*, May 31, 1945, page 634. Denominationalism is not a factor in this challenge to the nation, and particularly the Churches, to extend spiritual and religious training to children. You can secure *The Christian Advocate* at your local library, or from your fellow pastor in your own locality.

#### Provision for Civilian Disabled and Handicapped

Rehabilitation Week, observed nationally June 3-10, is the outgrowth of a National Rehabilitation Program launched 25 years ago, for which thousands of physically handicapped Americans expressed gratitude, not only for physical betterment through medical attention, artificial limbs and other aids, but for jobs made available to them, which permits them to do their share of the nation's work, express their skills, and maintain themselves economically.

President Harry Truman issued a proclamation urging Americans everywhere to observe National Rehabilitation Week "to the end that handicapped persons may be located and advised of the benefits to which they may be entitled."

Mention is made here, so that pastors throughout the nation will acquaint themselves with the benefits available to handicapped persons (civilians) through the National Rehabilitation Program, administered through the vocational division of the Department of Education in most states. If you do not have access to information through your local school or library, write to the Vocational Department of your State Educational Department, or to Washington, so you will be in position to make suggestions to parents regarding the benefits available.

## **Recruiting Men For the Ministry**

"Eight thousand letters addressed to men in military service, suggesting the Christian ministry as a life work, brought 1,000 replies from men expressing their desire to prepare for this high calling," Dr. Wm. Barrow Pugh recently reported to the Federal Council, and the letters were turned over to the leaders of some 70 denominational headquarters.

Here is encouragement for the Church; an answer to those who believe that the war has hardened the minds of our young men, and—the CHALLENGE to the homefront to match the 1,000 with many thousands more. How many of us suggest the Christian ministry to the young men in our local groups? How many sermons have we preached the last 12 months, pointing young men to this all-important choice of vocations? How many young men have we interviewed this year, with this specific suggestion in mind? How many individual pledges have we secured, looking toward the Christian ministry? Here lies a challenge to every minister!

#### **Basis For Lasting Peace**

"Peace can come only with understanding and understanding can come only with knowledge. Both must have spiritual motivation and divine guidance," declared Linwood I. Noyes, retiring president of the American Newspaper Publishers Association, and continued, urging Americans to give the ideals of free speech and free press to nations which do not have them, "such a contribution would be greater than territory in the form of colonies, because it is boundless; it would be greater than physical force because it is a moral force, but to do all these things we must first preserve what we have here at home."

## Readjustment of Soldiers Exaggerated on Home Front

"Both 'foxhole religion' and the problem of the soldier's psychological readjustment to home life are aspects of the war which appear to be greatly exaggerated in the United States," observed the Rt. Rev. Henry Knox Sherrill, Episcopal bishop of Massachusetts, in Paris, May 26, on completion of a tour of the U. S. army camps in Britain, France, Germany and Italy.

"Men who had religious training at home are those who generally are going to manifest religious consciousness on the battlefield and those who were not religious before generally will not be. Of course, there will be some men who will discover religion at the front—just as there will be some who will lose it—but I would not want to base hope for a religious revival on it. The men on the whole had the same experience in the last war, yet

afterward instead of a religious revival tworld went the other way.

"The importance cannot be over-emphasiz of churches at home keeping in touch w their men. If they don't give a man any e dence of thinking of him when he is over he they cannot expect him to think of the chur when he comes back. On the psychologic adjustment problem, Bishop Sherrill said th contact with soldiers indicates that the mupublicized Stars and Stripes editorial "hit t nail on the head" and that one of the ch concerns of the men is "to make it plain wh you go home that we are perfectly norm human beings." He continued, "There is not ing the matter with most of the men that little rest at home, sitting under an apple tr will not cure. I am realistic about what go on in the Army, and I am realistic about wh goes on at home; there will have to be a lot personal adjustments. Resumption of old retionships is going to take an immense amou of wisdom, understanding and patience, but t majority of the American young men are p fectly sound and able to readjust themselves.

## Hymn Singing

"The young people in our village congregate the local Methodist Church on Sunday night after the formal service is over for a sing-fest writes a subscriber, and asks, "Is not this concrete demonstration that they want to sing familiar pieces? and prefer to do it in Church?

The writer of this paragraph has wonder many times why hymns familiar to the major of the congregation are not chosen for the Church service, especially the evening service when fellowship is emphasized, instead selections known only to those with specimusical training. It dampens one's ardor witness a congregation, anxious to take part the worship service, stumbling along over the fact that "it is only for the few who know the hymn," either closing their hymnals, or starting off into space.

Why not let the membership have a voice the choice of hymns? Could it be that the phenomenal growth of the Barbershop Quatette groups throughout the land is evident of present need for such expression? and if met in the Churches, the need creates its ovoutlet?

"You can't fly with the owls at night and keep with the eagles in the day time."



# THE PULPIT

# THE NEAR ENDS OF GOD

JOHN HOMER MILLER

t: John 14:8.

F YOU were to ask me what I think is the cause behind every other cause of the modern plight and tragedy of man I would that it is his loss of personal faith in God. e tumbles in when that which holds it up I holds it together is swept away. When In loses faith in God he cuts the string that ds him up and he falls from his high place the universe. Man by himself can see little aning or purpose anywhere. Man has to ieve in something. Man cannot long sush faith in anything without faith in God. e have seen it happen in our generation: more man lost his faith in God, the more put his faith in dictators, governments, tems, plans and programs to save himself. e more he lost his faith in God, the more put his faith in force, bringing down upon nself two world wars in the same generan. The dignity, the value, the sacredness human life depend upon the ancient faith at in this universe there is but one God, at all men and women of every race and tion have one Father and one family. Drop at faith out of one end of the statement and e dignity, the value, the sacredness of human e fall out at the other end. H. G. Wells is never particularly religious but after adying the history of the human race and serving human life he came to this inevitle conclusion: "Religion is the first thing and e last thing, and until a man has found God begins at no beginning and works to no d. He may have his partial loyalties, his aps of honor, but all these things fall into ace only with God, and life itself falls into ace only with God." The plight of modern in and the tragedy of the modern world bear tness to the fact that life tumbles in when at which holds it up and holds it together taken away. One man describes his own experience this way: "When I let God go," said he, "I found that I was compelled to let one thing after another go. I have now come to the place where I am about to be compelled to let myself go. I see no meaning or purpose in myself."

In our generation there are three kinds of people who have given up their faith in God. First, there are those who do not want to believe. They are glad to be free of the demands which faith in God lays upon them. They want to ease up, relax the moral tension, be free of the moral restraints which faith in God places them under. They do not want God standing in their way. Faith in Him would cramp their style. Far from missing Him, they feel relieved once they have given up their faith. God and their kind of living are incompatible. We all know one or two such people. They have deliberately made themselves emotional atheists. Then there is another class of people who have given up their faith in God because they feel no need of Him. They are community-minded, serve the common good because they feel that their salvation lies exclusively within themselves. They believe that they are the masters of their fate and the captains of their souls. They are quite sure that they can use their time better in social service than in spending it upon God. So the Russian Communists believed. At first they had no use for God whatever. They set in motion the most systematic attempt in history to destroy the faith in God of a whole people. Religious education was abolished. Seminaries for the training of an intelligent priesthood were closed. An army of five million Communistic atheists was put to work to drive God out of Russia. It took only twentyfive years to prove not only that God is not so easily gotten rid of, but that He is actually needed, for recently in reopening the seminaries, reestablishing religious education and re-

ringfield, Mass.

calling the five million militant atheistic workers, Communistic leaders who once said, "Religion is the opiate of the people," reaffirmed the ancient faith that life itself falls into place only with God. "For," said they, "governments change, political systems come and go, but man's need of religion is eternal." There is still a third group of people who have for all practical purposes given up faith in God, not because they do not desire Him or because they feel no need of Him, but because they find it next to impossible to believe in the God of this incomprehensible universe. God being too infinite for their finite faith, they have given up faith in Him altogether. To be sure, they continue to believe that there is some power in the universe, but it has little or nothing to do with their personal lives. Should you happen to be such a person, my word to you is this: Because you cannot believe in all of God is no reason for not believing in Him at all. Believe in all the God you can and I wager that will be enough to throw horizons around, run purpose through and put a foun-

dation under life for you. For God is touching your life in ways you do not even recognize. Rufus Jones tells of a group of children who had lived all their lives on an island off the coast of Maine. were not receiving religious instruction. summer resident felt that something should be done about it and he assumed responsibility. One day he asked the members of the class who had seen the Atlantic Ocean to raise their hands. He expected every hand to be raised. Not a hand went up. Thinking they had misunderstood him or were shy, he repeated the question. Still they sat motionless. They had never seen the Atlantic Ocean though they had swum in it, sailed their boats upon it and had been sung to sleep by the beat of its waves. They did not know it was the Atlantic Ocean. We are like that about God. God is touching our lives in a thousand ways, from the air we breathe and the sunlight we absorb to the prayer or intercession uttered in our behalf by someone to whom our life is more precious than his or her own. On another island off that same Maine coast Dr. Fosdick spends his summers. He says, "I love the sea. I do not know the whole sea. It is very great. I never sailed the tropic ocean where the Amazon pours out its flood through the primeval forest. I never watched the Antarctic Sea where Byrd made his perilous journey over the polar ice-pack. Wide areas of the sea are to me unknown. But I know the sea. It has a near end. It washes my island. I can sit beside it, bathe in it, sail over

it and be sung to sleep by the music of it."

So is God so vast that He cannot be compre hended in anybody's faith but He has His nea ends which touch our shores and wash the little islands of our lives. Therefore, though God be incomprehensible, it is next to impossible to escape Him or run away from Him Our lives are forever touching and being touched by His near ends. Even the atheis finds it impossible to get rid of all of God. He is like the college student who for his firs theme wrote on the subject "Why I Am ar Atheist." The professor chuckled to himself when he read the first sentence: "I am ar atheist, thank God." A moment ago I said that the Russian Communists threw God ou the back window only to have Him come in the front door. An enthusiastic Russian girl tool a government examination which included the question, "What is the inscription on the Sar mian Wall?" She was so afraid she had no answered the question correctly that she walked seven miles to find out. Sure enough, on the wall she found the exact words which she had written: "Religion is the opiate of the people." She was so grateful to have answered the ques tion correctly that she fell on her knees, crossed herself and exclaimed, "Thank God!" When we were in Russia we asked a number of people who attended church why they did. Some said they went for the music, others to please their parents, still others out of force of habit. Bu the most common answer was strikingly signifi "There is nothing," was the reply, "is our secular life which deals with the mysterious nothing that ministers to our inescapable lone liness." One young woman said, "Though enjoy my work and my party activities, m comrades stick like lice in my hair. I canno get away from them. In church, however, it' different; there I can really be alone." Then she paused, smiled and said, "Of course I don' believe, but I feel it is good to be there.' Though she denied Him she was touching and being touched by the near ends of God. God who is incomprehensible, because of His near ends is inescapable. Certainly the moral law is a near end of God Not a day passes that we do not touch Goo

Certainly the moral law is a near end of God Not a day passes that we do not touch God through the workings of His moral law. Not one ultimately gets away with anything in thi world because no one ever gets away from thi near end of God. The tragic condition of man and the world today is indisputable evidence that we are living in a universe that i not unmoral or immoral. It is moral, under girded with fundamental laws which we defit to our own destruction. John Bennett was talking about this near end of God when he said, "There are definite limits on human evil

en it has gone so far it comes up against placles which make it necessary for men to inge their ways or perish." Moral law is a end of God against which earth-conquerand exploiters from the ancient Hittites to modern Hitlers hurl themselves to their in eventual destruction. Because this world built upon moral foundations, after this war bver the victorious nations, Russia, England the United States, will stand under the ral judgment of God. With all power in dir hands they have the incomparable opportity of history to make a peace based on rcy and justice and to rebuild civilization moral foundations. These three great nahs all stand under the moral judgment of d. In this war we are being touched by the ar end of God that through tragedy we may rn to do justly, love mercy and walk humwith Him who cannot be mocked and in breaking of Whose laws we break only rselves.

And surely we see a near end of God in arist. His first disciples were convinced bend any doubt that in Christ they had seen od. They, too, found God incomprehensible dasked, "Show us the Father," and Christ swered with an assurance that still haunts," He that has seen me has seen the Father." o millions of people today Christ is their picte of God. They believe that "whatever else od is He cannot be less just, generous, loving and kind than Christ." They believe that whatever else God may be He is not less than Jesus as in His moral character and spiritual eauty." When you pray, if you find it difficult to visualize or picture God, think of Christ. Its face,

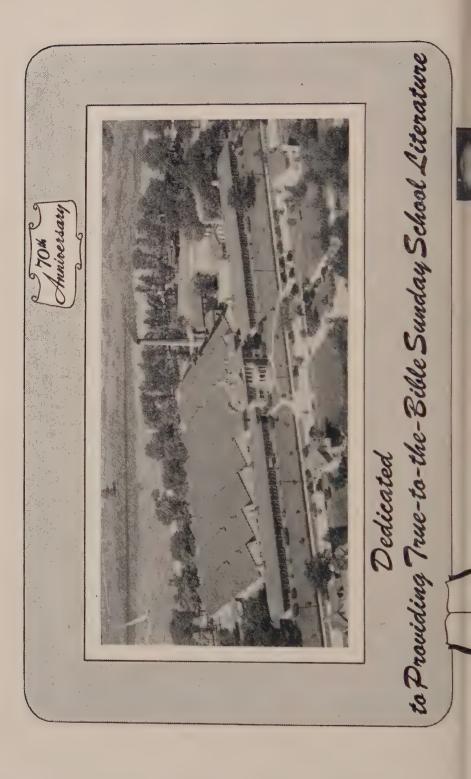
Far from vanishing, rather grows,

Decomposes only to recompose. le is a near end of God who meets us wherver we turn. He is the near end of God who ands by our beds of pain, the name our chilren breathe in their prayers. The low last hispers of the dead are burdened with His ame. We can't help it, sometimes we wish we ould, we can't help but test our lives by His. our hearts we know that we would be far etter people if we only yielded ourselves to is will and surrendered ourselves more to His pirit. In our hearts we know that those who ill be entrusted to make the peace will fail nless they make it in His spirit and in acord with the principles that He laid down. Te know that our bombers and battleships, nks, guns, factories and boys will win this ar but we are haunted with the feeling that ithout Christ we will lose the peace. As at ersailles He will be standing at the peace table, watching. If again hatred and revenge are read into the peace, time will come along and tear it up like a scrap of paper. If mercy and justice are read into it it will endure. Christ is a near end of God who forces us to choose between Him and chaos.

Again, surely we see and feel a near end of God in ourselves. God is that something in you that is forever commanding you to choose the hard right against the easy wrong. God is that something greater than yourself that lays hold upon you, makes you go the second mile and do what you by yourself could never do. By yourself alone you would never be willing to pay the price of virtue, loyalty, discipline, sacrifice and devotion. Were it not for the near end of God in you, for the feeling there was a power waiting to back you up, to support and sustain you, you would not go on with the strain of trying to live for values, ideals and causes you know will not succeed in your lifetime. Neither is man by himself willing to pay the price of international peace and economic justice, but something greater than man has hold on him. And man in turn feels he has hold of a power that comes from the heart of the universe. A little girl, trying to catch a sunbeam, said to her father, "Is the big sun at the other end of the sunbeam?" Her father replied, "Yes." "Then," said she, "I have gotten hold of all the light there is in the world." "Yes, my child," said her father. After a moment of silence, she asked, "Is God on the other end just the same when I pray?" And wise her father was when he answered, "Yes, my child." "Then," said she, "I've got hold of all the power in the world, haven't I?" As the sunbeam that touches you is the near end of the sun 93,000,000 miles away, so the power that is always waiting to back you up, that makes you able to stand anything that can happen to you in the world and do what by yourself you would think impossible is the near end of God that comes from the heart of the

But this is not all. We were meant not only to be touched by the near ends of God but we ourselves were meant to be near ends. We were meant not only to receive power but to transmit it. We were intended not only to open our hearts and let God in but to turn around and open them and let God out. The God who was revealed to us in Christ we were meant to reveal to others. And still more, we were meant to so reveal Him that other people looking at us would see Christ instead.

Many consider life as a game of give and take. Some take all they can get, even what others give.



the poor districts of Chicago. A preacher's son, he was a man of consecrated Christian faith and aftre with evangelical fervor, a devout student of the Bible and devoted to the cause of leading boys and girls and young people to Christ.

He saw the desperate need for Truc-to-the Bible lesson helps at a price every Sunday School could afford, so he wrote and printed on his own hand press a lesson help for his classes. It proved so helpful that he decided to offer it to other teachers; to his amazement, he received requests for more than 40,000 copies.

In this response, Mr. Cook saw his opportunity to serve. The rest is a glorious history of service to God. Today, consecrated leaders in nearly 60,000 Sunday Schools regularly use the 32 different David C. Cook Lesson Helps and Story Papers and thousands of supply items from this great Inter-denominational Publishing House.

The active management of the company still rests within the Cook family, who carry on the work in the same evangelistic spirit of the founder. "We shall never deviate from my grandfather's purpose," says David C. Cook III, President. "Our editors and contributors represent every Evangelical denomination, and our material is welcomed in schools of every Protestant denomination. For seventy years, we have been devoted to Christian work in helping to lead boys and girls and young people to Christ. To this service we are dedicated."



FRANCES KERR COOK
Director of Sunday School
Service Department
Uniquely qualified through a life of
service to Sunday Schools to give help
on every problem the Sunday School
worker faces.



President and Editor-in-Chief
Spiritually and theologically prepared
to carry on the work with the same
high principles and purpose of the
founder. He, too, is a Sunday School
teacher and consecrated Christian

1945

DAVID C. COOK PUBLISHING COMPANY 870-H North Grove Avenue, Elgin, Illinois

# **PEACE**

J. B. BAKER, D.D.

Text: "My peace give I unto you."—John 14:27.

DANTE, the greatest poet from Homer to Shakespeare, was exiled from his beloved Florence by a political upheaval for twenty years and died in exile. In the course of his wanderings he knocked at the door of a monastery and asked for admittance.

When asked from within what it was he

sought he replied: "Peace."

"Many are the hearts that are weary tonight, Waiting for the war to cease.

Many are the hearts looking for the right,

To see the dawn of peace."

But military peace has always had the seeds of another war in it and nothing but a miracle by God in the hearts of men will make the next peace any different. Peace with hatred and vengeance in it, no matter how strong the conqueror is or how beaten the vanquished, is bound to breed another war. Clemenceau, the French tiger, after the last war, was implored to ease up a little on the penalties inflicted on Germany.

He was told they would win the eternal hatred of Germany. He replied, "Let them hate us. They can't hurt us." He was counting on England standing by France as she had in the war, but England had factories that needed customers and Germany's 70,000,000 people couldn't buy England's textiles and cutlery and coal as long as they were ground down in poverty. So England, by credits, encouraged Germany to buy her goods and thus drifted away from France, leaving France practically alone, a condition which Clemenceau overlooked.

You know the rest. In a quarter of a century the peace of the world was again broken.

So it will be to the end of time if hate and

revenge poison the peace.

While I share with you the yearning for international peace, right now we need another kind of peace, the peace that comes down from above, "The peace that passeth all understanding," The peace of Christ, left us in His dying will. He willed His mother to John, He willed His spirit to His Heavenly Father, but He willed His peace to us.

Now, one of the saddest conditions in the world is to be an heir to a fortune and wander

about in poverty. Yet many do it.

York, Pa.

Before the war the banks of Scotland I forty million pounds unclaimed by wanderi unknown heirs.

A poor Indian with a packet tied to his new was found wandering about the camps of Revolutionary soldiers begging for food.

When some curious soldier opened it found that it was an allowance granted Washington for some service rendered.

How much better are we who walk about the beggarly rags of worry when we w

willed a fortune of heavenly peace?

I know I am speaking to you in the dark hours of your life, in a time when everythi

fades out of your sight but your boy over the

when you are weighed down to earth with burden that almost crushes you.

There are times when darkness is more we come than light, when solitude is more conforting than company, when silence is more helpful than speech. When Job's friends we to comfort him they sat by him seven days a seven nights before one of them spoke, "I they saw that his grief was very great."

These are days when no human device we do, when in fact they seem like a hollow modery, and I pass them all by to take you straig to the only One who can help you. And I

can only do it if you let Him.

The proof that He can give you peace is se

in the fact that He had it.

No man can help you out of debt unless himself has money. No one can help a stude out of ignorance unless he himself has knowledge. We can't give to any one what we or selves do not have.

Behold Christ in the storm on Galilee. The disciples, expert fishermen, acquainted with storms, were in terror. He was calm. Sleepinglike a child until they awoke Him, and as call when awake as He was in a summer twilige. See Him when they led Him out to the broof a hill to cast Him off. He walked as calm away as He walked away from His native wat Nazareth. See Him at the grave of Lazare at the funeral of the widow's son, at the death bed of the ruler's daughter. All the rest we noisy, He was quiet and self-possessed. See Him when the traitor comes with the soldito arrest Him.

Peter was so excited that he whipped out sword. Christ walked out before them like the chairman of a reception committee. Even the cross His peace was unshaken, for prayed for His enemies, promised to meet dying thief that same afternoon in Paradise a talked to His Father as though sitting in throne room of glory with Him.

had what it takes for every circumstance

There is nothing that was not covered. w it is that Christ, your friend and mine, Saviour and mine, who offers you His

Mark well. He said, "My peace give I you"; Not a peace that resembles mine, weak dilution of mine, not a portion of

"My peace."

wasn't dividing His peace as a father es his estate among his children, in his Because all power was given Him in n and in earth He could do what no I could ever do, give all of Himself and His peace to all people. And He was also to do something else that mortal man able to do, able to bequeath His peace numbered generations. A father by law ly allowed to keep his dead fingers on his ne to two generations, to his children and randchildren. Christ has willed His peace generations. The centuries mean nothing

le only thing that can block Him in giving His peace is your refusal and that need be deliberate.

me day the news will be flashed around world that the enemy has surrendered. will get it and some will not. Those who get it will be the ones who are in tune with

Itation from which it comes. ace isn't something that you catch like a it is something that you tune into. Some gs must be remembered.

rst, that that peace has nothing to do with

nal circumstances.

urs does. Human peace rises and falls with mstances. When our digestion is good and have enough to eat and our friends approve our job holds and we like our work we peace, but when things go wrong our e goes out like the tide. Not so with His

e knew that Judas had a devil from the nning. He knew that Peter would deny before Peter himself knew it. He knew

He would be despised and rejected, hed at and spit upon, yet He spoke about peace as serenely as if He were sitting in a

or among friends.

his war, even this invasion, does not jar peace loose from the saint who sincerely ts in Him. I know, because I have spoken parents who have boys at the battle front with some whose sons have been wounded, their quiet manner and their steady confice prove that they are standing on the nises of God and have His peace in their ts.

Another thing to remember if we would have His peace is that in giving us our medicine.

God never opens the wrong bottle.

The great gathering of people on Invasion Day into their churches showed more than most people realize. How many people do you think would have come to church if the same urgent appeal would have been made to gather to pray for the spiritual safety of our youth? Dangers just as great surround their souls as ever will surround their bodies. The way the churches of the land were filled is the way they ought to be filled every Sunday. Yet how empty they are. Jesus when on earth wept over Jerusalem and cried:

"How often would I have gathered thy children together as a hen gathereth her brood under her wings, and ye would not! Behold, now is your house left unto

you desolate."-Matthew 23-37.

The same condition prevails today. movies and the baseball grandstands, the golf links, the parks, the swimming pools, the seaside boardwalks are crowded, while the churches are empty or only sparsely filled. preacher recently conducted a service with an audience of exactly one. This of course is extreme, but it is only an extreme case of an all too prevalent malady. We needed heroic treatment, and God, in permitting this awful travail of soul to come upon us, is giving it to us. It is a kill or cure treatment.

You will find Christ's peace if you remember that God is using this awful experience to draw the world closer to Him and give it better health. Some one has said, "War never was a moralizer."

Neither is an earthquake nor a fire, yet after the California earthquake there was a better California and after the great London fire there was a better London.

The trusting Christian finds Christ's peace in believing that this strong medicine will purge the world of its selfish provincialism and make it easier thereafter for the Holy Spirit to purge

Another thing to remember if you would have His peace is that you must use His word. It was given us for use, not for ornamentation. It was given to be "a lamp unto our feet and a light to our pathway." When pilgrims are ready to enter the Catacombs they are given a candle, even tho the mid-day sun is flooding the beautiful Italian sky. It seems ludicrous to hold a tiny flame, with the great orb of day flooding the earth, but the incongruity soon disappears when they go down into the silent halls of death. We now are in longer and darker catacombs than lie beneath the streets of Rome and we too are surrounded by death, but those who have the Word to illuminate their path have no fears. Bible-filled saints are never filled with worry. You can no more fill a soul with both than you can fill a bin with wheat and corn at the same time.

Read the Gospels and Job and Daniel and the Acts and remember that the God who delivered the people who walk through those pages is the same yesterday, today and forever and you will have Christ's peace. It never

fails.

Another thing to remember if you would have Christ's peace is that this life is short and

its glory transitory.

Paul said: "Our light affliction which is but for a moment worketh for us a far more exceeding and eternal weight of glory; while we look not at the things which are seen but at the things which are unseen."

If we would have Christ's peace we must keep geared to God. Years ago a train in which we were riding came to a very sudden stop near Toledo, Ohio. Naturally the passengers soon piled out and walked up toward the engine to see what was wrong. The thing that happened was that one of the drive shafts of the engine had worked itself loose at its rear end and cut up a few ties and smashed afew posts along the tracks. It was lucky that it was the rear end of the shaft that came off. Had it been the front end there might have been a bad wreck to report. But front or back, when a drive shaft works loose, it is out of gear with its master and bound to get into trouble and to make trouble.

So are we. To have the peace of Christ that passeth knowledge we must have the mind of Christ and be geared into His thoughts.

It is never easy to give a boy to the army and never anything but hard to get the news that he has been wounded or killed. Our children are our dearest treasures and the lament of David over Absalom, "Would God I had died for thee," will always well up in the hearts of the parents who will receive the fateful message.

But even then the Holy Spirit can give us

the deep inner peace of Christ.

During the last war we turned a portion of St. James Chapel, in Gettysburg, into a dormitory for the benefit of parents who came from the four quarters of America to see their flustricken boys in Camp Colt. Some arrived just as their boys expired, others just after they expired. Sixty dead soldiers lay in one undertaker's garage at one time. The reac-

tions of the parents were varied. Some immediately burst out in weeping, others just sedazed as we told them the report of the hopital. The most calm was a Civil War soldie who took it like a soldier; who, when ask if he wanted a special coffin for his boy, sai "No," he died in his country's uniform, shall be buried in one of his country's coffins

His whole bearing was that his son had do his duty, taps were sounded and life's fleeting day was over. He spoke no platitudes, he assumed no pious attitudes, but he impress those who observed him as a man who had clear vision of both time and eternity, who, life Paul, knew that all the troubles of time are noworthy to be compared with the glories eternity.

Gear in with God, beloved, if you wou

have the peace of Christ.

# MY BROTHER'S KEEPER

MATTHEW S. HIGGINS

Text: Gen. 4:9.

A LONG time ago, so the story goes, Go asked of a man: "Where is the brother?" and the man brusquely replied: "I don't know. Am I my brother keeper?"

Most of us have a rather clear recollection that boyhood period when we first formulat the nucleus of our philosophy. From what vast range of sources came the words, and se tences, and examples, all bearing influences one sort or another, some of which seemed assemble and cohere, the little fractional ide growing into a whole idea that was big, the we believed, and without knowing it, it ple losophy had taken command of our boyhouthinking and our immature loyalties. A qui mental review will suggest that few spheres life were omitted.

In the material sphere we heard men sthat in this world "it is every man for himse and the devil take the hindmost." It inflenced our philosophy. Or we may have experimented with one of the copybook prover such as, "Honesty is the best policy." We found that it worked and thereby our philosophy was led in a different direction, and the a mental contest began.

Easton, Md.

turing those early years we were, perhaps was, forced by association to absorb the si that to be a gentleman and a loyal Americitizen, one must of necessity be loyal to Republican party, and then according to ot relatives and neighbors, a terrible disaster ell the nation—the Democrats were elected. in solemn forebodings we looked forward to tragic date, the fourth of March, when the ogress, the Senate and the Presidential office Ild be in the hands of incompetent, dishonand ungodly men who thought much of and little of their country. But as time t on, and bills passed into laws, and none he dire prophecies came true, we began to stion and to think independently, and we hed the sensible conclusion that men could er on methods and objectives, and still be And out of it came a new political osophy, expressed in a growing loyalty to ciples, to the nation as the embodiment of reat humanitarian principle in action, rather loyalty to party or to men. More and e we observed voters becoming independent their politics, and all because they had ned to think for themselves on principles philosophies of government. They had their fear of change.

imilarly, we may have lived in an environnt of puritanism that condemned as a sin rything that differed from their rigid doce. The bigotry underlying some of the nks in early political platforms had its counpart in certain planks of its religious platm—and religious loyalty was measured by the hful support of a religious party and equally the condemnation of any other religious ty. And then again in time independent hking led to the realization that the prinles and philosophy of Christianity are the

Both of these illustrations indicate how all ferences, all divisions, shrink in importance on we realize that in each there resides a ty of principle that assumes a tremendous

ılity.

portant things.

In my own life-time, the changes that I have n are almost unbelievable. Loyalty now reins no longer loyalty to a fraction, but to whole. Not loyalty to a party or to an anization, but to a philosophy. Not the principles, not necessarily the same philphy. In one sense we might say that our hest loyalty is a loyalty to the philosophy of nge, and all the most profound changes in past 6000 years, both in politics and reon, have occurred almost simultaneously. In the changes in one have compelled changes in other,—and the same thing is taking place

today on a world-shaking scale, and if we take a timid course, or blunder in these momentous times, these changes may move out of our control. They may compel a greater revision of all of our philosophies than has ever taken place before—including our government and our religion.

The character and the magnitude of these possible changes we must at least try to understand, working from surface evidence, and by comparison realize what lies *behind* and *within* this world crisis.

More than any other nation, Germany represents another philosophy, so diametrically opposed that they can never harmonize nor even live peaceably as neighbor nations. One or the other must go down in defeat.

The German ruler has boasted openly that his ultimate aim is to sweep the Bible and all of its influence from off the face of the earth. His attack upon the Jews was less an attack upon a race than an attack upon a racial philosophy. And he includes all Christians as among his worst enemies. To quote his own words: "We are not out against the hundred and one kinds of Christianity, but against Christianity itself. Even the Christians who really want to serve the people will have to be suppressed."

As a part of Hitler's official instructions to German youth, he tells them that "Christianity

is a religion for slaves and fools."

His state minister for Church affairs publicly announced that in a Hitler a new authority has arisen as to what Christ and Christianity really are.

His written program of destruction led one by one through the small nations, to France, to Britain, to South America, to the United States, to Canada. His conquest was not so much a conquest of independent political areas as it was a conquest over a world-wide hated philosophy, that we of the Anglo-Saxon race are convinced is the very bedrock of human liberty and human rights, in all departments of life.

Foremost in this line was Great Britain, and then America. Probably never in her 2000 year history had Britain faced such an hour as this or we in our briefer history. We may call Britain whatever we like (mother country, sister democracy) but, whatever name we may choose, we must remember that she was the channel through which we received our own philosophy of government and religion. For many years she has been the best friend that America has had. For long she stood alone in this war in

sole defense of everything that we cherish and

propose always to defend.

With such a vast, long-planned and over-powering attack upon the last European strong-hold of Christianity and democracy (as philosophies) we must, it seems to me, remember that neither Christianity nor democracy, as philosophies, are divisible. They constitute a unity of soul and spirit that imposes upon us a similar unity of defense, and out of that unity emerges an answer to our text. "We are our brother's keeper."

As the attack upon Christianity was made by the unified force of pagan rulers and their peoples, so was the defense made by the unified power of Christian nations, and many thinkers are convinced that the only alternative would have been centuries of poverty and despair, the destruction of Christian culture, and all the beautiful things of life. This evil thing we could not permit to happen; God, we may believe, does not want it to happen. But here, as elsewhere, God works in human affairs through men, through the God-given intelligence of men. Our intelligence tells us much about the changed strategy of war, with its new initial campaign of propaganda (as much a part of war as cannons and bombs), its fervent anti-Christian missionaries working ceaselessly spying out the ground, creating discontent, rounding up the lazy, the dull of mind, and the incompetent. They organized traitors for murder and destruction, more loyal to their damnable philosophy than we are to our Christian philosophy. In this present warfare, propaganda was definitely the opening attack.

Now, as we all know, defense against artillery is defensive artillery; defense against airplanes is defensive airplanes. Similarly, the defense against propaganda is opposing de-

fensive propaganda-world-wide!

As we now know of this propaganda bombarding us for several years, we certainly are aware that the Nazi attack upon America has long been under way. If, as Hitler said, his purpose was to destroy Christianity and all of its works, with whom lies the responsibility for the first line of defense? Upon the Church! And we have weapons so far superior to his that there can be but one final result if we will use them. Nazi propaganda weapons are falsehood, setting friend against friend, nation against nation, and the negation of spiritual law. Our weapons are truth and centuries-old proof of the spiritual and material profit in building a civilization with spiritual law as a base. To nail down this fact, we have only to recall the ignorance, the poverty, the misery of

all non-Christian nations in comparison with the wealth, the comforts, and even what Eurpeans would call the impossible luxuries, common in genuinely Christian nations. This not due to superior intellect, or greater nural resources, or ingenuity in developing the It is due *more* to the Christian spirit while leads us to research and organization for the purpose of sharing with every individual in oppopulation the benefits of all of our resource and inventiveness.

We salute the flag that waves over it all we reverence. We salute the cross from which to inspiration came as something apart, that I no place nor power in international relationships, and thereby we unconsciously tell to world that our Christian philosophy is strictly, with and for America. We thus declar our apparent belief that Christianity is divible, and, like the Pharasees, we thank Go that we were wise enough to make more of it than other nations. This group thus onies that we are our brother's keeper.

And so now, we expend billions of dollar for our second and third lines of defense leause in the past Christians failed in the fi

line of defense.

If, however, our loyalty to the Christiphilosophy has continued on into our adlife and has become a mature loyalty, it must have deepened and widened, it must have become so clarified as to make visible the broad reach of our fixed responsibilities and sur obedience to our Captain's command: "Go into all the world." It must have convinced that Christianity as a realistic working formulis the most necessary component part of wor politics, and that only by sending it abroad to we even hope to keep it for ourselves here home.

#### WHY NOT NOW?

There's a song that faith can sing,
Why not now?
There's a hope a friend may bring,
Why not now?
Hoarding the sunshine does not pay,
Joy was meant to give away,
Why not share your gifts today?
Why not now?

There are burdens love may lift, Why not now?
Kindness bears a golden gift, Why not now?
Earth has never known a creed
Like a pure unselfish deed,
Hearts are aching, give a heed,
Why not now?

-Alfred Grant Walton.

# ILLUSTRATIONS

WM. J. HART, D.D.

#### Building a Call to Prayer

9:44: "And I will sanctify the tabernacle the congregation, and the altar."

was taken the other day to see our parish in at Iffley, one of the most lovely of Nor-churches. You enter at the back of the h, the eye is carried past the deep wind, under arch after arch, up and up to the altar in the chancel, the significant point, focus of all the building. There is no it for what purpose that building was ed; why, its very structure is a call to the like of the like

## **6dland** Tragedy

2:10: "Faithful unto death."

he forest fire had been brought under conland we started wearily home, shouldering caxes and shovels. Col and I took a short through part of the "burn," and we soon upon a large buck deer. We thought he traveling across the burn to the creek. But the big fellow headed directly toward us. stopped. He came on until he was only a paces from us. Then he snorted and ped the blackened ground.

Look out!" whispered Col. "He must be

owever, the buck whirled and started back way he had come, then stopped again. Once he he started off, and when we began to he circled us and tried to head us in the ction he apparently wanted us to go.

We gave in and followed him. He led us a knoll and down into a hollow. We dispeechless, for the buck had led us to a dland tragedy. There were the bodies of fawns, victims of the fire. Worst of all, was the doe. Mother love had held her make and flames claimed her young, brave heart had held on; but her coat was ed off, she was smoke-blinded, and her legs terribly burned. I rushed forward and ed her agony with a blow of my axe.

ol and I looked up, with blurred eyes, to the buck leaving us. He had remained aful to his mate; and in the hour of her terate need he had known what he must do. had come to the only source of possible to man.—Sgt. Donald C. Bowman, in

ler's Digest.

#### We Need Each Other

Rom. 14:7: "For none of us liveth to him-self."

A gardener was explaining recently the process of grafting. This has become quite a science among the growers of flowers. It is done to secure, as far as possible, a combination of excellent qualities. One flower has a delightful appearance but no fragrance. Another type has a sweet fragrance but is distinctly lacking in beauty. Others, which possess much beauty and fragrance, are so fragile that they are of little value.

The gardener seeks to secure by the process of grafting a combination of these qualities. He unites beauty and fragrance with strength. No man in himself has all the qualities essential for a strong church, but by being himself he can contribute his best to the "Household of Faith."—Archer Wallace.

#### Bachelor Buttons in Africa

Psa. 143:5: "I remember the days of old."

The following excerpt is from a letter written to Mrs. Charles Porter, of Newfane, N. Y., by her brother in Africa. Says Mrs. Porter, "He has not been heard from, but if, as we dread to learn, this will be his last comment on life, it is comforting to know what a lovely memory of home he carried with him."

One of the amazing things about being away from home for so long is the way that every day things back there become so clear. For instance, the way I can see in my mind the millions of bachelor buttons in that big field over near Mott's. I can just see the funny color of blue or purple or whatever it is, kind of a mixture of both, I guess. I didn't ever, that I remember, stop and look at them and say: "Now, there's a field of flowers," but now over here where there's hardly any vegetation at all, those darn flowers keep coming into my mind. My word, how did I ever get to feeling fed up with home?

The same way with the truck—all I ever noticed about it was that it was a Chevy, sort of rusty-black in color and it rattled like a hailstorm every time it pulled in the yard. But now I can see it as it was right here in front of me and smell it even, hot oil and dusty in the cab. Well, you folks home have got the cards I sent you, on which I jokingly said, "Having terrible time, wish I was home." I didn't mean it. I don't want to go back until it's finished. But when I get back, I'm going to drive the Chevy over in that field of bachelor



# BAPTISMAL FONTS in Marble

No more fitting memorial can be offered to a church than that which combines a tribute expressed in the eternal beauty of marble with the service significant of the ever renewed life of Christianity.

A complete catalogue of inexpensive yet dignified designs on request. Available in Alabaster White, Russet Tan or Castle Gray marbles.

J. P. REDINGTON & COMPANY
Dept. 100
SCRANTON 2. PENNA.



GOWNS for the PULPIT and CHOIR CHOIR GOWNS - \$4.50 up

Cotrell and Leonard. Inc.

Established 1832

485 Broadway Albany, N. Y. Quality Materials, Dependable Service

Send a Postal Today for Your First FREE Copy of

# THE DASTOR'S HELDER

A monthly house organ designed to aid the busy pastor with timely copy suggestions for bulletins, sermons and the like. It offers free classified advertising service for pastors. You'll even appreciate the firm advertisements which will offer many seasonal suggestions to you.

The copies will be punched to fit a loose leaf binder as you will want to make a permanent record of these monthly issues.

There is no charge. Just ask to have your name placed on our regular mailing list.

#### H. WILBUR POLSON

Printed Supplies for Churches and Pastors 2400-B N. Twelfth St., Milwaukee 6, Wisconsin



PEWS
ALTARS
FONTS
PULPIT SETS
CHANCEL SETS
CHAIRS
CROSSES
CANDLESTICKS

Everything in wood for the beautification of The Church Interior

MANITOWOC CHURCH FURNITURE COMPANY WAUKESHA, WISCONSIN Dept. 8 buttons and hang a sign on, "Don't Distur What I mean!—Jack Falken, in The Lad Home Journal, Nov. 1944.

#### **Homes For Families**

Psa. 68:6: "Setteth the solitary in families."

Mary Ridge, a St. Louis suburban development devoted exclusively to big families, is inspiration of Charles F. Vatterott, Jr., a restate man and father of eight children. developing 20 subdivisions and building o 2000 homes, he found that he had to to down applications from large families becan eighbors objected to them. In 1940 launched Mary Ridge with the proviso that of families with children could buy or rent in development. The average there is five cldren per family.—The Reader's Digest.

#### Why Flowers Grow

A little girl was watching her mother woing among the flowers.

"Mother," she said, "I know why flow grow; they want to get out of the dirt!"

That is a child's saying, and like innumeral sayings of children, it has a deep and swignificance. When I heard it, I thought expressed what ought to be the aspiration approgress of the soul. Our lives ought to continually rising into the floral beauty and given away from the dirt.

Our spirits should be climbing into heave places, laden with flowers and fruits and continually getting away from the flesh. And to it is not the only line of aspiration. It is gracious purpose of God. What we ought be we can be; the power of the resurrect can lift us into life and beauty, and we may like the whitest lily, pure and undefiled.—A tralian Christian.

# If a Dollar Could Speak

If a dollar could speak, "He" would lik

say

"On my face is written, 'In God We Truput there by men who had faith in Amerand in God who had guided them in the ming of their country. How true are we to to the faith of our forefathers?

"For each person in America during 1943

51 of us were spent on gambling.

46 of us were spent on liquor.

38 of us were spent on medical care.

30 of us were spent on sports. 28 of us were spent on education.

16 of us were spent on cosmetics.

of us were spent on tobacco.
of us were spent on movies.
of us were given for religious purposes.
—Southern Baptist Handbook, 1943.

ight and one-half times as much for gam, seven and three-fourths times as much whiskey, two and one-sixth times as much the movies as for the church."

each of we Christians draw our own conbn. Surely each of us will resolve to give ess than a tithe of our income to the h. The building of the New Youth Center be a very easy thing to do if the memberof our church will tithe during 1945.

#### Tell on Yourself

tell on yourself by the friends you seek, be very manner in which you speak. be way you employ your leisure time. be use you make of dollar and dime.

tell what you are by the things you wear, be spirit in which your burdens bear, be kind of things at which you laugh, be records you play on the phonograph.

tell what you are by the way you walk, he things of which you delight to talk, he manner in which you bear defeat, o simple a thing as how to eat.

the books you choose from the well-filled shelf:

bese ways and more, you tell on yourself; here's really no particle of sense n effort to keep up false pretense.

-From The Lighted Pathway.

#### A Soldier Makes His Prayer to God

ighty and all present Power, it is the prayer I make to Thee, o not ask in battle-hour any shield to cover me.

The vast unalterable way, From which the stars do not depart May not be turned aside to stay ... The bullet flying to my heart.

I ask no help to strike my foe, I seek no petty victory here, The enemy I hate, I know To' Thee is also dear.

But this I pray, be at my side
When death is drawing through the sky.
Almighty God who also died
Teach me the way that I should die.
Pritten by Sergeant Hugh Brodie, Royal Australian ir Force, now missing in action.



**FOLDING CHAIRS** 

# DURABLE and COMFORTABLE HARDWOOD FOLDING CHAIRS

Reinforced with Steel Low Price and Prompt Delivery

Write for catalogue of chairs, folding tables and Sunday School Furniture.

# J. P. REDINGTON & COMPANY

DEPT. 18, SCRANTON 2, PENNSYLVANIA

## **PULPIT GOWNS**

VESTMENTS for
CLERGY and CHOIR
CHURCH HANGINGS
CLERICAL SUITS CASSOCKS
ALTAR LINENS

Inquiries Invited

C. M. ALMY & SON, Inc.

562 Fifth Ave.

New York, N. Y.

# **CHURCH BULLETINS**

We furnish a weekly church bulletin that is attractive yet inexpensive. Thousands of churches are now using this service. Send postal today for free samples and full information. No obligation.

## The WOOLVERTON PRINTING Co.

CEDAR FALLS, IOWA

## ELECTRIC CHURCH BULLETINS - HONOR ROLLS



Send for FREE Catalog containing illustrations and prices of the various types of bulletins made by us. A post card will do! Please mention name of your church.

ASHTABULA SIGN COMPANY

Ashtabula, Ohio

# An Outstanding New Book:

# Thinking Where Jesus Thought

By Hillyer H. Straton

In this significant book of fine sermons, the thinking of Jesus in many vital and practical fields is approached skillfully, making a profound impression on the thoughtful reader.

Thinking Where Jesus Thought meets a deepfelt need in the religious life of America, especially to those whose hearts are yearning for a return to a more personal religion at the same time retaining the obvious truths and values of the social gospel.

The author discusses lucidly such problems as culture, sin, temptation, wealth, forgiveness, and peace. A book needed by every preacher, a book to be read and reread.



#### Dr. Straton

Long active in interdenominatio n a l affairs. Dr. Straton has been pastor of First Baptist Church, Detroit, since 1938. Member, Committee on Relations with Disciples, Board of Detroit Council of Churches, and of Federal Council of

Churches of Christ in America. tributes to both secular and religious papers.

> At Your Bookstore or \$2.00 Postpaid from

THE BETHANY PRESS ST. LOUIS 3, MO.

# BOOKS

THE CHURCH SCHOOL AND WORSHIP Abingdon-Cokesbury P By Irwin G. Paulsen. 160 pp. 60c.

This is a timely book to strengthen the faith of children and youth in our churches. The author is explicit about a very basic weakness in the Chris Education program of our Church Schools, which is failure to give the child an appreciation of wor and to train him for worship at the public worship

In the introduction Mr. Paulsen says, "The Ch School has failed to relate itself to the Church in matter of attendance at public or common work But the failure comes not in having tried and failed, but in not having tried at all." The au points to the solution of the problem when he s "People have to learn to worship . . . The Ch School needs not alone to provide for worship so boys and girls may experience it, but also to pro a program of training in worship."

All ministers and leaders in our Church Schools sh have this book to guide them in the development o effective curriculum of worship, and ultimately to the children for the public worship services.-J

GOD-THE ETERNAL PARADOX Edited by Paul Zeller Strodach. The Muhlenberg Pr 243 pp. Price, \$2.00.

This is a volume of eighteen Lenten sermons tributed by eighteen Lutheran pastors of the Ur Lutheran Church in America. They are all sern that have been preached. The printing and binding the volume is excellent.

In the Foreword the editor says: "And no doubt. such seems to be the natural or usual thing!-some will say !- "They ALL are GOOD!"-for not one of t misses the mark; not one of them has an uncertain vo not one of them fails in witnessing." This revie however, is not equally impressed by all the sermon

The first sermon, which also furnishes the title the book, is by Dr. Paul Scherer and, as one m anticipate, is brilliant. All the sermons are Ch centered and edifying. Lenten sermons are perhaps urally and of necessity largely historical in substa Yet it seems that in some of them there could be warmth, more of the element that somehow con one to feel a part of the drama rather than one stands afar off as an onlooker. Often one misses "lift" that inspires and strengthens. The book however, make a valuable addition to one's librar Lenten material .- Victor E. Beck.

THE CONSTANT FIRE By Allan Knight Chalmers. Charles Scribner's S 172 pp. \$2.00.

Jesus' way of life is true and attainable for common man, Dr. Chalmers declares. If a man does choose to believe this, he becomes a pessimist thr despair. A stubborn faith in God, on the other l makes a man an optimist through discontent. "It sight of God turns him not to despair but to discon there will burn in his heart the unquenchable fire great idea. He has seen a glimpse of beauty. He not extinguish this idea. The idea persists in spil defeat and recurrent failure."

man must discover truth for himself, else some ill show him how second-hand his faith is. He interefore, to have a sense of importance in nity's basic ideas. The minister of Broadway necle in New York, says that it is not necessary reader to agree with all that is written in his "But to find the stubborn faith which is both the and effectual in facing the tempests of this both our necessity and our responsibility."

rstanding the inner conflict going on in a man, almers fervently proclaims the centrality of Christ ges the reader to choose as leader Him who d our ways and made those ways a Way which God."—Paul R. Kirts.

SUS GREW.

arl H. Doughty and Paul H. Vieth. Abingdon-

Church School teacher of Third and Fourth boys and girls will find this book of invaluable oth by way of suggestiveness and direction, and the book was written for use in the Weekday School, it also offers priceless aid to teachers Third and Fourth Grades in the Sunday School, objective of the author is "to assist teacher and in developing wholesome experiences which will be Christian living in everyday relationships," It reative book calculated to aid in creative teached living. It is a book that will help teachers to hemselves, as well as to help them find their and to help their pupils find God as life's greatality.

artily commend this timely book to all teachers Third and Fourth Grades in our Church Schools, ally to those who teach in Weekday Church s.—Roy C. Helfenstein.

OLS OF THE HOLY SPIRIT

Gordon Brownville. Revell. 140 pp. \$1.50.

the ten symbols considered by the author in as chapters, only the first, the dove, is used in the as a symbol of the Holy Spirit. There is no rity, however, save the author's, for calling "oil," "rivers," "raindrops," "snow," "salt," "signet," and light" symbols of the Holy Spirit. In doing in attempting to preach sermons on texts in the nine terms occur, using the terms as symbols of the Holy Spirit, the author appears to commit proof improper spiritualizing.—Paul R. Kirts.

ROADS OF THE UNIVERSE

. Glover Johnson. Scribner's. 316 pp. \$2.50.

subtitle is "An Introduction to Christian Philoso The author is head of the Department of Reand Chaplain of the Mount Hermon School in achusetts. "(The) material has developed during last six years, where it has been tested in the room and has undergone constant revision on the of use." The volume is divided into three main ons: the Realms of Science, Spirit, and Social ress. In all the discussions the point to be deined is "What is the meaning of this for religion?" simply and clearly written, remarkably so when thinks of some of the volumes on the same subject h have been coming from the presses in a constant m for some years. It has delighted this reviewer he commends it. It is a good book and will appeal any. It can be used to effect among high school ps and young college people. Men's classes could be interested in it. Indeed, any groups discussing ion in this age could find much of high value in it. n. Tait Paterson.

# MARRIAGE in WAR and PEACE

Grace Sloan Overton

Will the rush to the divorce courts stagger the nation when the millions in service return to civil life? Can we save our youth from becoming another. "lost generation"? From countless cases of young people, married or to be married, who have come to her with their problems, a wise and trusted counselor sketches present trends, analyzes motives, offers practical help.

\$1.75

# **GREAT WRITERS**

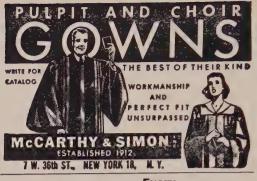
as Interpreters of RELIGION

Edwin Mims

Creative writers, even those who deny the faith, "are often the unconscious servants of the Most High," affirms Dr. Mims, and brings impressive evidence with keen analysis and pertinent quotation. Here is a new understanding for all of such great writers as Milton, Bunyan, Carlyle, Browning, Shakespeare, Shelley, and Arnold, and for preachers and teachers an inexhaustible store of idea and illustration.

\$1.50

At Your Bookstore ABINGDON-COKESBURY Nashville 2, Tenn.



# FILMSLIDES for Every Occasion!

NEW SERIES of Bond "Bibliographs" 35 mm. Sildefilms
10 Loved Bible Stories . . . First to be released—
"The Lamp of Godd,"—Story of Samuel
Single Frame, \$2.50; Double, \$3.00
Teachers' Manual Free
WRITE FOR FREE CATALOG TODAY

BOND SLIDE CO., Inc. 68 West Washington St., Dept. E, Chicago 2

# CHURCH FURNITURE=

Pews, Pulpits, Pulpit Chairs, Communion Tables, Baptismal Fonts, Sunday School Furniture. We allow for or sell your old equipment. Catalogue and details on request

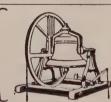
REDINGTON COMPANY, DEPT. C, SCRANTON 2, PA.



## Choir and Pulpit GOWNS

Fine materials, beautiful work, pleasingly low prices. Catalog, samples on request. State your needs, name of Church. DeMoulin Bros. & Co. 1153 S. 4th Street, Greenville, Illinois





# MENEELY BELL CO.

22 RIVER ST., TROY, N. Y.

BELLS

# PIPE ORGANS

A. J. SCHANTZ SONS & CO.

Established 1873

ORRVILLE, OHIO

Member Associated Organbuilders of America

#### BUSY PASTORS ASSISTED

SPECIAL SERMONS: A secretarial service bureau in the preparation of Speeches, Discourses, Articles, Treatises to definite requirements - Moderate rates - Experience over 25 years - No duplicates sold.

AUTHORS RESEARCH BUREAU
516 Fifth Avenue New York City

#### Germany

(Continued from page 322)

with the perverse tenets of a destructive pagism?

From a military point of view the Allies hall laid Germany low. Its great cities have be reduced to shambles. A large part of country is a mass of ruins. But let it be and known, in truth, that the Allies have destroyed Germany. Hitler and his gang it, with vengeance, to the bitter end. Hitler crime was primarily a crime against the German people. How and why they stood for it continue to be one of the enigmas of hist Whatever the answer, the German people such, must share the blame for what happen

However, the Christian Church cannot must not succumb to a spirit of hope defeatism. That would indeed be a denial the faith and an abdication of the power git to the Church. It would also be disobedie to the command of the Lord whose orders be summed up in three words, "Love, evangelize." These are still the march orders for this day.

The cause is not a hopeless one. While Europe I learned from authoritative sources a spiritual resistance movement in Germany no small dimensions. It was not one gained utterance first in the promise of Al victory and in the twilight of Nazi dominat It was there all the time with cumulative powers.

There are names of spiritual giants in ( many just as illustrious as those of Bis Berggrav in Norway and Kaj Munk in I mark. I mention here only Cardinal Faulha of the Catholic Church and Bishops Wurm Meiser and Pastors Niemoeller and Thielich the Lutheran Church. They and thousa with them have stood heroically for the f dom of the Church and for Christian p Under Bishop Wurm of Stutt eighty-five per cent of the Protestant church (mostly Lutheran) have banded together the "Einigungswerk," a united front of churches for evangelical freedom and Chris liberty and for the liberation of the Chi from the tyranny of the State. Underlyin all and undergirding it has been a deep sp ual movement with prime emphasis on return to utter dependence on the Word God as the absolute authority in faith and

Space does not permit further detail, be call to mind an incident from the history ancient Israel. One of the great propied Elijah, was ready in his hopelessness to turn back upon his own people in one of the per of its deepest decadence. But God turned

of face his task as a man of God as He im, "There are yet seven thousand in who have not bowed their knees to Baal." at aid can be given immediately is contupon political situations and Allied authorizations. But without question, trianity is the only power that has any a f saving the German nation, or Europe, world. Its principles and truths and one can win the battle against Nazism or wher phase of godlessness and paganism.

Perefore, as opportunity is given, let us mians unitedly join in this battle for vany's soul. The Church in Germany must wen aid to build tabernacles for religious ip to take the place of the thousands of nes destroyed, to integrate the congregatilife, to furnish Bibles and Christian literaby the millions, to prepare and sustain and other Christian leaders, to rehabilichristian institutions of mercy, in brief, to up a vibrant, strong Church life.

le big task is to evangelize the millions of hized German youth. That is a stupendundertaking in itself. The leadership of thurch must be purged of all that "bowed nee to Baal," and of all sympathizers with h or other racial persecutions. In the applishment of this there will be a spondus response on the part of the new evanal leadership in Germany which bodes well he future.

en as I write this I am on my way to York to attend a meeting of Church ers from England and the Continent with rican Church leaders under the auspices he World Council of Churches to lay plans he execution of the task that is ours. Ours solemn obligation and we approach it with a rand trembling," because we are humans, with courage and hope because the cause end's. It is the battle for Europe's soul. battle must be won, or else hell will break again with renewed fury.

his is the day of the Church's opportunity. is not come with too little and too late.





NOW! — 24 "NEW-PROCESS" Stencils and Backing Sheets, Stencil Cement, Brush,—ONLY \$2.45. Two quires (48) \$4.50. Three quires \$6.45. Five quires (10 Dozen) Only \$10.25, PREPAID Anywhere. "Best You Have Ever Used." 30-Day Money Back Guarantee. Used Mimeographs Bought and Sold. A L L M AK E S Duplicator Supplies, Inks, Tracing Scopes, Bulletin Designs, Cartoons, Styli, Let-

BACKING SHEET
OF IOMORROW
Tracing Scopes, Bulletin Designs, Cartoons, Styli, Lettering Guides, Accessories, Typewriter and Duplicator Platen Rollers. EVERYTHING Literature Free. EXPERT Typewriter and Duplicator Cleaning, Repairing. Write us. "PRINTOMATIC" SELF-FEEDING ROTARY STENCIL POST CARD PRINTER \$9.50 COMPLETE. PRINTOMATIC STENCILS \$1.50 for 24.

## PITTSBURGH TYPEWRITER SUPPLY CO.

336BA-FOURTH AVE., PITTSBURGH 22, PA.

# Church Mindows ST. JOSEPH ART GLASS WORKS

802-808 N. Second St., St. Joseph 12, Mo.

Designers and Manufacturers of Art, Stained, and Ecclesiastical Glass

1907 cs

Send us the sizes and shapes of your windows and we will submit quotations

#### **DUETS YOU'LL ENJOY-**

Not quantity, but soul satisfying quality is what you'll say about these 12 new inspirational sacred duets. Every number is unique, well arranged, easy, and carries a helpful message. For male or female voices, medium range. All in attractive octavo size 29 page book. Price 50c per copy. No stamps.

BRAUN MUSIC PUBLICATIONS, 1505 N. 27th St. Milwaukee 8, Wis.

# Pipe Organs AUSTIN ORGANS, INC. HARTFORD, CONN.

Inquiries Welcomed

## **CHOIR GOWNS**

PULPIT VESTMENTS
Hangings - Ornaments
and Supplies

Catalog Free on request

THE C. E. WARD CO.

New London, Ohio



## PUBLIC SPEAKERS!!

Let us prepare your sermons, speeches, lectures, articles, etc., at a most modest cost.

Prompt, scholarly, individual and confidential. You get full and exclusive use of all material ordered. Printed speeches, sermons and outlines also furnished. FREE circular.

Continental Writers' and Speakers' Bureau 210 Fifth Avenue, Dept. E., New York 10, N. Y. (Continued from page 318)

be forgotten. We might all go down, no matter what I did. Why not drop the rifle if we were hit, leave the bulkhead door, slip up the gangway in the jam, get in a lifeboat? Who would remember me at such a time, in such confusion? The officer of the guard might not even live. The records would go down with the ship. How could anyone trace any responsibility to me? If I quit my post and ran, who would know? Who but I?

I was not the colonel, not the captain. I was just one buck private, one insignificant individual in the thousands on the ship, in the millions in the war... Who was I to think the universe depended on my doing this or that? What difference would it make in the end what I did? Either way no one would know but I—no one but I and a spirit in me whose good opinion I respected most.

And so it came home to me that a man is never really alone, that he has within him an all-knowing, ever-present Companion who stands guard over him, for him and for other men. A Guard who never leaves that bulkhead door deep in every man. A Force that holds him fast when all men sleep and Nature tempts. A Friend who loves him most, yet can destroy him to save men he does not even know. A Conscience that will not let him live ignobly, and die in peace. A Soul for whom he, and all mankind, can thank God the most.

There I began to learn that Shakespeare was right when he told how the pale cast of thought can sickly o'er the native hue of resolution until it destroys action, but that Shakespeare was wrong when he said that 'Conscience doth make cowards of us all.' Conscience never made any man afraid to do anything, except the thing that does not become a man. There in the hold of the transport Saxonia I was taught that our species does really depend on the soul of individual man, at every danger point; that conscience is the creator and the maintainer of organized human society, and the greatest power we have.

There I began to appreciate, too, how deeply our daily personal security and liberty depends on individuals who are prepared to do more than risk their lives. And I began to see that whereas men need risk only their own lives to confer on men the benefits of scientific discovery and engineering invention, they must pay more dearly for the peace and freedom that political science seeks to provide. For to have peace and freedom men must have government, law and

order and justice, and to have these they me have judges and policemen, and agents of kinds from President to sentinel who are pared not only to risk their lives, but also take the lives of others, for the general good if that horrible need should face them.

If we must pay in this coin to maintain gernment, we must also pay in it to establish gernment where it does not yet exist. Whetl we are establishing government between trib states or nations, the process is the same, basic unit is still individual man; the gove ment, to be effective, must operate on him in vidually, by him and for him; and the midirectly it depends upon him, and upon conscience, the more realistic and effective will be.

If we cannot now escape the mass slaugh of war, we can still seek to lessen that slaugh and make it result in the establishment of government that will save men from having go through this again. And if we are to seed in that great undertaking, we must practical and begin where we are, it seems me, and preserve the governments that in respect human life and liberty and the escience of the humble, strengthen them uniting all their citizens man-to-man and escience-to-conscience behind this common prociple, and seek steadily to extend the num of human beings governed by it.

Idealistic? When a man confronts his G he is facing the Ideal. He has nothing left the Ideal. Only the Ideal is realistic then.

Peace is a personal thing, and it must founded on individual persons, not on national Freedom is a personal thing, it is a right of lividual persons, not of their government Union is a personal thing, it is a government of, by and for individual persons, not a collition of collectivities. And the greatest he we have today to advance these ancient aspetions is that this war is not what we prete it is, an impersonal drama played by collect nouns,—nations, armies, task forces, assemblines,—but a thing that keeps facing each us, and all of us together, with the most proposed in the sonal mysteries of life and death.

This war has forced millions of our you to grapple with the problems we let them the they could safely leave to preachers. It multiplied Job by the million, put them in a form instead of sackcloth, and left him fact the mightiest of mysteries. War is no less a sonal to the woman in love; nor to the whose name is called first from the cradle most often after the battle. Job can be woman, too. (Concluded on page 34)

# INDEX JULY, 1945

GENERAL		SERMONS	
eview	340	Brother's Keeper, Higgins	334
Feet	323	Near Ends of God, Miller	327
Methods	324	Peace, Baker	332
s, Handicapped	325		
option, Peace-time	324	ILLUSTRATIONS	
11		Bachelor Buttons	227
of Fathers, Meckel		Call to Prayer	
m, Streit		Flowers Grow	
ny, Bursell		Homes for Families	
ment		If Dollar Could Speak	
tions		Need Each Other	
***************************************		Soldier Prayer	
:1s		Tell on Self	
·····		Woodland Tragedy	
1s	327		
METHODS		SCRIPTURE TEXTS	
en, Crusade for		I—Illustrations O—Outlines	
s, Handicapped		P—Prayer Meetings	
		S-Sermons	
ve to G.I.		Gen. 4:9 (S)	334
Singing		Ex. 29:44 (I)	
g Peace		Psa. 68:6 (I)	
or Ministry		Psa. 143:5 (I)	
ife Missions		John 14:8 (S)	
Compositions		John 14:27 (S)	
ous Novel Contest		Rom. 14:7 (I)	
r Readjustment		Rev. 2:10 (I)	
i iteatijustinent	020	1101, 2.10 (1)	,,,,

No, this war is not less personal when one far from action, waiting, waiting, in the onely dread that broke even the mighty waror who slew Goliath. And if we choose to seault the walls of Japan now without the number blast of "Freedom through free government!" how many hearts will echo the vain ment of David: "O my son Absalom, my on, my son Absalom! Would God I had died or thee, O Absalom, my son!"

They are not dying for us, my friends, they re dying for our mistakes, for our lack of aith, hope, charity, courage, vision, for our ailure to think things through and act in me. The least that we can do is to live enceforth for them, live determined to bring ow from all this suffering the great good that onscience bids us each to bring.

-(From a speech delivered in Washington, D. C.)

mall minds discuss persons; average minds, events; large minds, ideas.

# HONOR ROLLS of genuine BRONZE

Again Available!



Recent WPB rulings have released Bronze for decorative purposes. Now your Church may pay a lasting tribute to its members in the armed forces—with an Honor Roll Plaque of solid Bronze. Style illustrated is mounted on genuine walnut; easily attachable nameplates ordered as needed.

Many designs and sizes available; write for catalog.

"Bronze Tablet Headquarters"

U. S. BRONZE SIGN CO., Inc. 570 BROADWAY, NEW YORK 12, N. Y.

## A NEW APPROACH!

Our plan will bring people to your church, many of whom have never been there before! Let us tell you about a new angle to one of your biggest

problems, ATTENDANCE.

A 3c stamp will bring particulars. When writing, tell us if you have a stereopticon.

RYAN LANTERN SLIDE SERVICE

409 Harrison St.

Davenport, lowa.

STANDARD'S LESSONS are

#### TRUE-TO-THE-BIBLE

They're ALL Bible! Evangelistic. Closely Graded and International Improved Uniform lessons. Story papers. Write for free samples, catalogue. State grade in which interested.

The Standard Publishing Co.
8th and Cutter Streets, Cincinnati 3, Ohio

BRUNSWICK
FOLDING CHAIRS
FOR EVERY USE
WRITE FOR DESCRIPTIONS AND PRICES
BRUNSWICK SEATING CORP.

LAWRENCEVILLE, VIRGINIA





on the International Uniform Lessons

SAFE TIME-TRIED

are based squarely on the Bible

Union Lesson Helps stand for and emphasize the foundation truths held in common by all evangelical Christians. Undenominational and uncontroversial, they can be used with safety in any Sunday school. Write for free specimens

AMERICAN SUNDAY-SCHOOL UNION

1816 Chestnut Street

Philadelphia, Pa.



NATIONAL ACA

## PULPIT & CHOIR GOWNS

Pulpit Hangings - Altar Cloths Bible Markers - Communion Linens Embroideries - Fabrics Custom Tailoring for Clergymen

837 Marking 10s years of service 1945

COX SONS & VINING, Inc.
131 East 23rd Street, New York 10, N.Y.



A LIGHTED CROSS

Will add beauty to your Chancel or Com-munion Table. Either style available. Finished in a rich antique gold with softly lighted alabaster panels. Splendid for memorial presentation. Limited supply. Send for details.

REDINGTON COMPANY, Dept. 1000, Scranton 2, Pa.

SUPPORT THE PUBLICATIONS YOU WANT CONTINUED

# WHERE TO BUY CHURCH EQUIPMENT



BELLS AND CHIMES (Tower)	GOWNS (Pulpit and Choir
Deagan, Inc., J. C 315	Almy, C. M
Meneely Bell Co 342	Cotrell & Leonard, Inc
	Cox Sons & Vining
BAPTISMAL FONTS	DeMoulin Bros
J. P. Redington 338	
U. Z. Zedang communication	Ward Co., C. E.
BIBLES	
Oxford University Press. 347	HONOR ROLLS
	Int. Bronze Tablet Co
BIBLE VISUALIZED	U. S. Bronze Sign Co
Bond Slide Co 342	
Ryan Slide Service 345	HYMN BOOKS
Ryan Blide Bervice 525	Hope Publishing Co
BULLETIN BOARDS	
Ashtabula Sign Co 339	INSURANCE
	Presby. Ministers' Fund.
W. L. Clark Co., Inc 343	
CANDLES & CANDLE SETS	MISCELLANEOUS
Emkay Candles 315	Braun Music Pub
Emikaj Candies 010	
CHAIRS (Folding)	ORGANS (Pipe)
Brunswick Seating Corp. 345	Austin Organ Co
Redington Co 339	Schantz, A. J.
Redington Co 339	Wicks Organ Co
CHURCH BULLETINS	PUBLISHERS
H. W. Polson 338	
	Abingdon-Cokesbury Bethany Press
Woolverton Co 339	DAVID C. COOK CO.
CHURCH FURNITURE	330
Josephinum Furniture 347	UPPER ROOM
Manitowoc Co 338	WESTMINSTER PRESS
	Back
Redington Co., J. P 342	~~~~~~
COMMUNION SERVICE	SERMON HELPS
Goodenough & Woglom 347	Author's Research
	Continental Writers
Sanitary Com. Service 347	CHARLE COMOOL COM
CROSSES (Lighted)	SUNDAY SCHOOL SUPP
Redington Co 346	American S. S. Union
346 346	Standard Publishing Co.,

Firms whose names you find here have proven the integrity in serving BUYERS of Church Equipm

DUPLICATORS, SUPPLIES

Pittsburgh Typewriter ..... 343

WINDOWS (Stained Glass)

St. Joseph's Art Glass .....

# PULPIT BIBLES

Nothing is more appropriate as a memorial of a loved one, or appreciated so much by the church and pastor, as a beautiful OXFORD PULPIT BIBLE.

Appropriate lettering in gold at a small additional charge.

## OXFORD PULPIT BIBLES

Please order from your bookseller as long in advance as possible because the demand is large and only limited quantities are obtained from abroad.

OXFORD UNIVERSITY PRESS 114 Fifth Avenue, New York 11

# RETURNING TO OUR LINE

OFFORD



COMMUNION WARE : : : OFFERING PLATES
ALTAR PLATES

IN METAL

INQUIRIES INVITED

## GOODENOUGH & WOGLOM CO.

ISO NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK 7, N. Y.

# CHURCH FURNITURE

OF

ECCLESIASTICAL BEAUTY AND DISTINCTIVE QUALITY DESIGNED AND PRODUCED by

THE JOSEPHINUM CHURCH FURNITURE CO.

DEPT. E. COLUMBUS 7. OHIO



# HE SANITARY" Individual CUPS

CONVENIENT, NOISELESS AND SANITARY communion set as illustrated permits an impressive

mony and leads the in communion ser-Available in many, oak or walnut in er 25, 36 or 49 cup and can be stacked.



Circular and quotations on request
SANITARY COMMUNION SERVICE
396-Dept. E. Rochester 2, N. Y.



Serving Churches half a century enables us to help you select the best book for your Church. "Devotional Hymns" —288 pp., lacquered cloth binding per 100 not prepaid, \$45.00. bristol covers, \$30.00. Other song books \$12.50 per 100 up.

• For returnable samples write name and address in margia, indicate type of book needed. Give Church and Denom.

to your services.

# HOPE PUBLISHING

5701-H5 West Lake St., Chicago 44, Ill.





Religious books of lasting value

# Pastoral Work

By ANDREW W. BLACKWOOD. A Source Book for Ministers. A valuable reference book on how the pastor can be of the greatest possible service to his parishioners, based on the author's years of experience in the pastorate. \$2.00

# The Bible Speaks to Our Day

By GEORGE BARCLAY. The message of the Bible as it relates to these times, offering three solutions to life's problems—Christian faith in God's love, Christian standards of conduct, and Christian fellowship among all races. \$1.00

# One Lord... One Faith

By FLOYD V. FILSON. "Dr. Filson has given the Christian world a fascinating study of the religious beliefs of the Christian Church during the first century."—Christian Advocate. \$2.00

# Pascal:

GENIUS IN THE LIGHT OF SCRIPTURE

By EMILE CAILLIET. A readable, definitive biography of one of the greatest of French scientists, who turned to God for the truth and solace he had always sought.

384 pages, \$3.75

# The Message of the New Testament

By ARCHIBALD M. HUNTER. In which the New Testament is shown to be more than a collection of books... It is one book of many parts bound firmly together by a single Gospel.

# The School of Prayer

By OLIVE WYON. A practical, inspirational book on the meaning, purpose and practice of prayer. A direct and simple guide for all who need and welcome help in their daily living. \$1.50

AT ALL BOOKSTORES OR

The Westminster Press

Box 506, Philadelphia 5, Penna.